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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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U. Saw Arrested After "Pitched Battle"

HUNDREDS ROUNDED UP INCLUDING EX-MINISTER

Communist Leader Accuses "Br. Bureaucracy & Their Hirelings" For Rangoon Outrage

RANGOON, July 20. (Reuter): Tonight, 36-Hours after the mass assassination of seven key figures in the Burma Government, lorry loads of troops with mounted machineguns are patrolling Rangoon. Police are combing the city for the killers and hundreds of people are under arrest, including two prominent opponents of the agreement with Britain paving the way to Burma's eventual Independence.

U Saw, ex-Premier and Leader of the Myochit ("Lovers of the Nation") Party was arrested at his suburban home after what an eye witness described as a "Pitched Battle" outside the house between armed police and members of the party's private army.

Thakin Ba Sein Also Arrested

Police also seized Thakin Ba Sein, a former member of the Executive Council and leader of the Dobama (Burma for Burmans) Party, who with U Saw, had opposed the agreement which seemed to have brought Burma to the threshold of independence.

RANGOON, July 20 (APA): Two Ministers wounded in he attack on the Executive Council have died, bringing the total death roll to eight.

A demonstration in sympathy for the murdered Ministers was meanwhile staged today by the other Opposition party, the Communists.

Nearly 100,000 people had earlier lined the streets to watch with downcast faces the funeral procession of their leader, U Aung San, and his six Cabinet colleagues as it passed on its way to Rangoon's Jubilee Hall, where Aung San is to lie in state.

Among the many rounded up by the police during last night, within a few hours of the assassinations, were 20 prominent members of U. Saw's Moychit Party, whose headquarters was raided.

THREE KILLED

When the Party's "galon" (private army) fought policemen who went to arrest their leaders, three members of the private army were killed and some were severely wounded in the battle which raged at the former Premier's home.

U. Saw, who is 46, took part in the Burmese Constitution Mission, headed by Aung San, to London in January last. When the delegation finally reached a general conclusion with the British Government and an agreement was prepared, U. Saw and Thakin Ba Sein — also arrested today — refused to be parties to the settlement. Both men resigned their portfolios in the Governor's Executive Council shortly after their return to Burma.

MORE ARRESTS

Others arrested today include: Bo Yan Naing, son-in-law of the former Premier Doctor Ba Maw and a former Colonel in the Japanese sponsored Burma "Defence Army", Bandoola U Sein, leader of the Mahabama ("Greater Burma") Party; and Thakin Kyaw Sein, a close associate of the "Red Flag" Communist Party.

Thakin Ba Sein was arrested by the police at the same time as his party headquarters were raided and some officials taken into custody.

With tears in her eyes, Mrs. Ba Sein told Reuter's correspondent that her husband was dragged out of bed at five o'clock in the morning. Police, she said, searched the house and took away some papers and two firearms which were licensed.

Mrs. Ba Sein added, "what happened yesterday was cold-blooded murder, but we are not murderers We are political opponents of the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League. We believe in God".

Dr. Ba Maw, Leader of the "Independence First" movement, who looked grief-stricken over yesterday's events, said:

"It was a most dastardly act. It was a grave misfortune for Burma, especially at this time. You know I have consistently condemned political terrorism. For terrorism breeds terrorism and it all leads to chaos and destruction".

U Ba Pe, a former Commerce Member of the Executive Council, said: "I am shocked beyond words. To me the future of Burma looks gloomy"

COMMUNISTS PARTICIPATE IN MOURNING

The Burmese press and political leaders vehemently condemned the

(Continued On Page 5)

Palestine Rail Track Torn Up

Mine Explodes Under Goods Train: Curfew In Haifa

JERUSALEM, July 20. (Reuter): A dusk to dawn curfew was being imposed on Haifa, the big Palestine port, to-night, it was officially announced.

Jewish Terrorists struck at the Palestine railway system in the Jerusalem, Jaffa, Rehovoth and Haifa areas early to-day, damaging one goods train engine and slightly damaging the tracks in two places.

The train and track were damaged near Jaffa when a mine had exploded on the line.

A British soldier was killed and two British soldiers were wounded when their lorry was blown up by a road mine near Ranana, south of Nathanya, to-day.

Near Jerusalem on the Jerusalem-Jaffa line, a railwayman who found a pressure type mine with a time switch was fired at, but was not injured.

In the Haifa area about three feet of track were torn up when a mine exploded under a goods train. Another bomb found on the Haifa-Samak line was dismantled. Near Rehovoth two trains were delayed when sappers detonated a mine found on the track.

Sirenes wailed in Jerusalem tonight as a police flying squad car radioed police headquarters:

"Policeman reported shot by Jewish gunmen.

It was learned that a British policeman had been shot in the arm in east Jerusalem by a Terrorist gunman. The terrorist was described as five feet ten inches tall, with a black moustache, and carrying a suitcase believed to contain explosives, the police radio car reported.

Challenge To Civilized World

Gandhiji's Appeal To People Of Burma 'Not To Indulge In Spirit Of Revenge'

NEW DELHI, July 20, (API): Addressing the Prayer gathering this evening, Mahatma Gandhi expressed his deep sorrow at the murder of U. Aung San and his four other colleagues of the Burma Interim Government. "This brutal murder of the Burmese leaders" Mahatma Gandhi said "who fought hard for the independence of their country is a challenge to the whole civilised world".

He appealed to the people of Burma not to indulge in a spirit of revenge at the moment when "Burma is on the threshold of freedom." Mahatma Gandhi also appealed to the people of India not to repeat the "Burma tragedy" which is a danger to all freedom-loving countries." "India and Burma have a common link in fighting against the foreign domination and Burma's loss is also a loss to India."

He prayed to God that the people who had committed this sin should realise their wrong and repent for it and cultivate self-purification.

"NOT HIS FAULT"

Mahatma Gandhi said that some friends were insistently telling him that his post-prayer discourses, were having a depressant effect on people in general. After all the freedom for which he had fought all his life was at their door. He knew that there could be no economic freedom or moral betterment without political freedom. Therefore why did he not rejoice? Mahatma Gandhi said that there was some force in this argument. But as a Satyagrahi, wedded to Truth, he could never say what did not come from the depths of his heart. The partition of India was there and he could not but be unhappy about it. If, however, what he said depressed them the fault was not his. He had told them that it was no use crying over spilt milk.

"INCONSISTENT"

Mahatma Gandhi brought home to the audience the difference between gaining a victory, as Congress had done, through passive resistance and that gained by armed force. Now power was going to be in their hands. But the real day of rejoicing would be when Hindus and Muslims would live as brothers, even though in two dominions. He was distressed to hear that the Punjab Muslim League were holding out threats of violence if the decision of the Boundary Commission went against their wishes. Some Sikhs had said likewise. Mahatma Gandhi deplored this attitude. It was inconsistent with the honour of the parties who had agreed to arbitration. Having agreed they must conform to the decision.

"DAWN" EDITOR'S ASSURANCE

Lastly, Mahatma Gandhi said with pleasure that two of his suggestions had commended themselves to the Editor of 'Dawn'. The latter had assured him through the columns of his paper that all minorities would be well treated and perfectly safe in Pakistan and that they too wanted all to live together as brothers.

His second suggestion regarding the getting of news published had also been accepted. The Editor had appealed to Mahatma Gandhi as a journalist to take up the task of initiating a committee. The speaker said that he had not the time and his movements were uncertain. But there was no reason whatsoever why other journalists should not be approached to the end proposed.

He longed for the day when minorities everywhere could say that they were equally safe and happy whether in Pakistan or in the Indian Union. Then only, in his opinion, would there be real freedom and cause for rejoicing.

INDEPENDENCE DAY

Dealing with the celebration of August 15 as India's Independence Day, Mahatma Gandhi said that in his opinion the real independence would be observed on that day when people stopped fighting among themselves and India achieved complete freedom. He, however, advised the Indian people to celebrate August 15 in accordance with the direction of the Congress High Command.

VICEROY'S TELEGRAM TO GOVERNOR OF BURMA

NEW DELHI, July 20, (API): His Excellency the Viceroy of India has sent the following telegram to the Governor of Burma:

"I send my personal condolences to you and the government of Burma on the great loss you have suffered and am inexpressibly shocked at the terrible outrage."

NEW FLAG OF INDIA

Jawahar's Motion For Consembly

NEW DELHI, July 20, (API): Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru will move a motion regarding the National Flag in the Constituent Assembly on Tuesday next.

The resolution reads:

"Resolved that the National Flag of India shall be a horizontal tricolour of deep saffron (Kesari), white and dark green in equal proportion. In the centre of the white band, there shall be a wheel in navy blue to represent the "Charkha". The design of the wheel shall be that of the wheel (Charkha) which appears on the abacus of the Sarnath Lion capital of Asoka.

The diameter of the wheel shall be approximate to the width of the white band. The ratio of the width to the length of the flag shall ordinarily be 2:3.

FIVE HOTEL KEEPERS ARRESTED

For Refusing Admission To Harijans

AHMEDABAD, July 20 (API): Five hotel keepers were arrested and released on bail for refusing admission to Harijans today on the second day of the Harijans hotel entry week that is being observed in the city.

NAGA LEADERS MEET GANDHIJI AND JINNAH

NEW DELHI, July 20, (UPI): A delegation of Naga leaders have arrived at New Delhi by air to discuss with with the appropriate authorities and leaders what they describe as "their claim for independence" after British withdrawal from India on August 15.

It is understood the delegation have already met Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah and placed before them their view points.

Survey Party At Work

Port Trust Diver Marks Out Patch Of Rough Water

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An expedition to make a preliminary survey of the Kansa Rock (Gull Island) waters where the S. S. "Ramdas" met with the tragedy was carried early this morning. Capt. Davies Harbour Master and the Port Trust Diver who went in the S. S. "Panvel" marked out tentatively a patch of rough water south-west of the South Karanjia Buoy, where the ship is believed to have submerged on Thursday. After the survey they placed five cables and marking buoys encircling the "wreckage areas" in order to warn and keep off other vessels.

Mr. Suleman Ibrahim Captain of the ill-fated "Ramdas" accompanied the survey party. A reconnaissance plane which was scheduled to join the expedition was cancelled at the last moment. The expedition will again conduct the survey to-morrow at 6 a.m.

Seven more bodies were picked up to-day at various places, making a total of 37 bodies recovered so far. One body was found at Ghatkopar. Three bodies that were brought to the City Morgue were identified as M. Ganpat Rao (60), Ismail Dawood Tutike (25) and Ninnet Banchordier (5). The bodies of a young woman named Ruby. R. Sasoon and Moreshwar Ganpat Shrimani were also identified.

It is learnt that the Hindu Relief Committee and the Rogne Charity, a Muslim organisation, have applied to the Coroner Bombay for a permission to dispose off the unclaimed bodies of the victims of the wrecked ship.

Due to the uncertain weather, the boat service to Dharamtar was cancelled by the Company this morning.

"Struggle For Freedom Just Begun"

Kher's Call To All Indians To Forget Past Divisions And Unite In Building Up Of A Great Nation"

NEW DELHI, July 20. (A.P.I.): Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay in a broadcast talk from All-India radio tonight on "Provincial Constitution" declared that the framing of the constitution and its inauguration would not end the task and appealed to all Indians that they should forget past divisions and unite in the building up of a great nation worthy of their ancient heritage.

The Provincial Constitution Committee, Mr. Kher said, constantly kept in view the desirability of making a truly democratic constitution which would also ensure a stable and efficient administration. At the outset, it was decided that the future governmental structure should be of the federal type. This would enable provinces to concentrate their energies on local problems while the Central Government would deal exclusively with matters of All-India interest like Defence, External Affairs, Currency, Foreign Trade etc.

RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF MINORITIES.

Mr. Kher indicated the provisions made by the Provincial Constitution Committee for the discharge of the Executive Legislative and Judicial functions of the state.

He added that after the principles of the Provincial Constitution and the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Minorities were approved of by the Constituent Assembly, a draft bill would be prepared and he hoped that the problem of the rights and duties of Minorities which had been created and fully exploited by the British would now be satisfactorily solved. This draft bill, he said, would be approved by the Constituent Assembly before the end of the year and he expected that the first elections on the basis of adult suffrage would be held about the end of 1948 or early in 1949. The Committee had recommended that the present ministries and the legislatures should continue to function until the first elections were held.

"STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM JUST BEGUN".

Mr. Kher said "the framing of the constitution and its inauguration will not end the task before us. With the dawn of independence, the struggle for true freedom of the people has only just begun. The independence we have gained is independence to chalk out a course for our own good and for the good of the world. Some of the things which have happened have hurt us deeply, but have no doubt that the future is bright for this ancient country of ours. I see no reason for the gloom which some people are trying to spread and make political capital out of it.

It is my earnest appeal to all Indians, to all my countrymen, that they should forget past divisions and unite in the building up of a great nation of modern men and women worthy of their ancient heritage—able to show to this restless world the way of Dharma—which is the only true way to happiness".

Boycott Of Referendum Tells

Travancore Bar's Protest

Demand For Restoration Of Association Rooms

TRIVANDRUM, July 20, (API): The Travancore Advocates' Association and the Trivandrum Bar Association at a joint meeting last evening protested against the action taken against them and the undertaking asked for from members of the associations not to hold political meetings etc. within the premises of the High Court buildings.

The meeting "affirmed their inherent right for free speech, free expression of opinion and free association within their Association rooms" and asked that the rooms of the Association should be restored to them immediately.

Ceylon Govt.'s Second 'Dakota'

COLOMBO, July 20 (Reuter): Surendra Devi, second of Ceylon Government's three "Dakota" planes reconditioned for commercial use by the Hindusthan Aircraft Company, Bangalore, was ferried on Colombo airport at Ratmalna yesterday.

It is expected that the Ceylon Government will inaugurate a two-way air service between Colombo and Madras as soon as the terms of contract between themselves and Tata's Air India, Limited, are settled.

Air India's proposed terms are at present under consideration by the Ceylon Government.

N.W.F.P. Voting Results

Narrow Majority Of Votes For Pakistan

NEW DELHI July 20. (A.P.I.): 50.49 per cent of the total number of voters in the North-West Frontier Province referendum have voted for Pakistan.

A Communique issued from the Viceroy's House this afternoon said:

"Following are the results of the N.W.F.P. referendum: 1 Valid votes for Pakistan: 2,89,244; 2 Valid votes for India: 2,874; 3 Majority 2,36,370; 4 Percentage of valid votes to electorate entitled was 50.99 p.c. 5 Valid votes cast in last election were 3,75,989; 6 Total electorate entitled to vote in the referendum 5.72,798.

Therefore votes for Pakistan were 50.49 per cent.

The number of non-Muslim voters on the electoral roll is 87,781.

AFGHANISTAN'S SECOND NOTE TO BRITAIN

PESHAWAR, July 18. (A.P.I.): The Afghan Government has delivered a second note to the British Government regarding "the right of the Afghans across the border to form their own State," according to "The Islah", the official organ of the Afghan Government. The note was delivered at the British Legation at Kabul on July 10 by Mr. Mohammad Khan, the Afghan Foreign Minister.

"The Islah" in its editorial complains that the "British Government did not consider seriously the first note of the Afghan Government regarding the Frontier Referendum and the choice between Hindustan and Pakistan given to their brethren beyond the Durand Line."

The paper adds: "The British reply to Afghanistan's original note was received in Kabul through the British Legation on July 5. The Afghan Government after due consideration found the reply to be unsatisfactory."

"It is not clear why the British Government has not yet realised the importance of the Afghan note. It is also not very clear why the British Government has failed to satisfy the Afghan Government's just demands."

The paper recalls that Afghanistan soon after she came to know the Mountbatten Plan to divide India into two parts, the Afghan Minister in London was instructed to raise the question with the British Foreign Office concerning the fate of the Afghans across the border who had every right for self-determination in the same way as the Hindus in Hindustan and the Muslims in the Pakistan were being given.

13 'Red' Regiments Encircled

Chiang Forces Claim: Tientsin Relieved

SHANGHAI, July 20. (Reuter): Thirteen Chinese Communist Regiments have been encircled by Nationalist Forces in South Shantung Province, according to unconfirmed Nationalist claims received here today.

Nationalist sources also claimed that the entire stretch of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway between Hsuchow, Major Government base in North Kiangus, and Tsinan, Shantung capital, has been cleared of Communists.

Communists were said to have lost 8,000 men killed, wounded and prisoner in a five-day battle for Tientsin, which Nationalists troops have relieved of siege.

Government despatches also reported that Tawenkow, important town on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway about 18 miles south of Taian, had been recaptured.

After important military conferences in Mukden, the capital of Manchuria, General Cheng, Nationalist Chief of Staff, called top ranking Government commander to a meeting in Peiping last night.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai Shek, accompanied by Staff Officers, visited Government positions and Yellow River Dykes in the area of Kaifeng, capital of Honan Province, Chinese press reports stated to-day.

KHANSAHEB MEETS FRONTIER GOVERNOR

PESHAWAR, July 19, (API): Dr. Khan Sahib, Frontier Premier, Khan Abdur Qayum Khan, leader of the Opposition and Mr. Mehr Chand Khanna, Finance Minister, saw the Frontier Governor today.

STOP PRESS

DUTCH FORCES LAUNCH MILITARY ACTION

BATAVIA, July 20 (Reuter): Dutch forces launched local military actions against Indonesian Republicans at midnight tonight (local time) from all Dutch-held perimeters in Java.

TERRORISTS ATTACK BR. INFANTRY H. Q.

JERUSALEM, July 20 (Reuter): Jewish terrorists tonight attacked the Headquarters of the first British Infantry Division near Tel Aviv.

The Jewish terrorists used mortars and automatic weapons in the attack, it was officially stated.

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDORE MALWA UNITED MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Indore Malwa United Mills, Ltd., will be held at the Mill Premises, Indore, on Tuesday, the 19th day of August, 1947, at 5-00 P.M. (S.T.) or immediately after the proceedings of the Annual General Meeting are over, whichever time is later, to consider and if thought fit, pass Special Resolutions or any one or more of them with or without modifications, in terms of the notice containing such Special Resolutions, posted to the Shareholders.

By Order of the Board.
GOVINDRAM SEKSARIA,
Managing & Selling Agents
Indore, Dated 30th June, 1947.
(4508)

THE INDORE MALWA UNITED MILLS LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 40TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholdere of the Indore Malwa United Mills, Ltd., will be held at the Mill premises, Indore, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of August, 1947, at 3-00 P.M. (S.T.) for the transaction of the following business:

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1946.
(2) To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
(3) To confirm the contributions as set forth in the Directors' Report.
(4) To confirm the appointment of Seth Onkarmalji Ghanshamdasji Khaitan as a Director of the Company under Article 92.
(5) To elect a Director in place of Seth Kudilal Govindram Seksaria, who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
(6) To appoint Auditors for the current year, that is, for the year 1947 and to fix their remuneration.

THE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, as previously advertised, will remain CLOSED from MONDAY, the 14th day of July, 1947 to TUESDAY, the 12th day of August, 1947, (both days inclusive)

By Order of the Board.
GOVINDRAM SEKSARIA,
Managing & Selling Agents
Indore, dated 30th June, 1947.

N.B.:—The Dividend when sanctioned will be made payable on and after the 25TH DAY OF ALGUST, 1947 to those shareholders whose names stand on the regster of the Company on the 14th July, 1947 at the office of the Company, MILL PREMISES, INDORE, upon presentation of Dividend Warrants which will be posted to each shareholder to his last given address.
(4508)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000/- Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta on the 20th August, 1947, at 12 o'clock noon.

Tender No. SP|F|Eb2|CA-2251 for the supply of 1880 Nos. Louvre Frame for Lavatory and Latrine Window to IRS (C) Drg. No. CA-2251.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Controller of Stores, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 5|- to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, direct by Money Order

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.
(4510)

LEGAL NOTICES

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED & REDUCED

LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 31653 in respect of 5 Ordinary Shares Nos. 415461 to 415465 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. & Reduced standing in the name of Mr. Sundardas Ramdas now deceased and Bai Kabubai Surji has been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Post, Box No. 192, Bombay No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

(Sd.) KABUBAI SURJI.
Dated 19-7-47.
(6531)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
OFFICE OF THE MILK COMMISSIONER, BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts mentioned below, in connection with the Bombay Milk Plan Construction Work:—

I UNDER THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, MILK PLAN CONSTRUCTION, BOMBAY.

(a) TECHNICAL ESTABLISHMENT:

(i) 3 Overseers on Rs. 70-5-110-10-250, to be B.E. or D.C.E.; (ii) 1 Draftsman on Rs. 90-5/2-140, to be B.E. or D.C.E.; (iii) 1 Assistant Draftsman on Rs. 50-5/2-90, to be D.C.E.; (iv) 1 Computor on Rs. 25-2-55-3-70 with practical experience; (v) 1 Storekeeper on Rs. 90-5/2-120, to be Matriculate and have practical experience.

(b) NON-TECHNICAL ESTABLISHMENT:

(i) 1 Head Clerk on Rs. 115-5-160, to be Graduate with practical experience; (ii) 1 Senior Accounts Clerk on Rs. 95-5-115, to be Matriculate and have office experience; (iii) 4 Junior Clerks on Rs. 70-5-95 to be Matriculate and have practical experience; (iv) 3 Clerks on Rs. 25-5/2-65, to be Matriculates; (v) 2 Clerks-Typists on Rs. 70-5-95, with typing speed 40 words per minute minimum.

II UNDER THE DEPUTY ENGINEER (MILK PLAN CONSTRUCTION), ANDHERI.

TECHNICAL ESTABLISHMENT:

(i) 3 Overseers on Rs. 70-5-110-10-250, to be B.E. or D.C.E.; (ii) 2 Mistries on Rs. 30-2-50-5|2-70.

NOTE: In addition to the pay mentioned above all the posts will carry the usual temporary increase in pay, dearness allowance or cost of living allowance, as the case may be, as may be sanctioned by Government from time to time. Conveyance allowance to the staff concerned will be fixed later on.

2. Applications stating name in full, age, domicile, educational qualificationsi practical experience, if any, and enclosing COPIES of testimonials in proof of the statements that may be made in the applications, should reach the Milk Commissioner on or before the 1st August, 1947. Separate applications should be made for each post in case an applicant desires to apply for more than one post. Original certificates and testimonials should be produced only at the time of interview, if and when called for.

3. Higher starting pay in the pay scales mentioned above may be allowed to suitably experienced candidates. Overseers and Surveyors will be given a starting pay of Rs. 200/- in the abovementioned scale if they are Engineering graduates and upto Rs. 130/- if they hold a diploma in Engineering, depending on their individual experience.

4. Persons already in Government service are eligible but they should apply through the Heads of their Departments.

5. Retired persons will also be considered especially for technical posts, if they are physically fit.

6. If persons with the requisite qualifications are not forthcoming candidates with lower qualifications or practical experience only will be considered, if they are otherwise suitable

7 The applicants will have to bear their own expenses when called for an interview.

Bombay, 19th July, 1947.
D. N. KHURODY,
Milk Commissione, Bombay.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SARDAR BALWANTSINGH HANSPAL has contracted to sell to our client the property more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written which he has agreed to purchase from Pandit Thakurdutt Sharma.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 94 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground marked Plot G lying at Lady Jamshedji Road and being on the Eastern side of a proposed 40 feet Municipal Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 485 square yards or thereabouts out of which a portion admeasuring 98 square yards or thereabouts is to be set apart as aforesaid) being a portion of a larger piece of land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 3917, Old Survey No. 232 New Survey No. 1/1570, Cadastral Survey No. 521 (part) Mahim Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 4900, Street No. 188 (c) and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of the City Light Cinema, on or towards the West by the proposed 40 feet Municipal Road, on or towards the North by the proposed 25 feet private passage and on or towards the south by Plot H of the said scheme.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1947.
RAGHAVAYYA NAGINDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4512)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Sir MATHURADAS VISSONJI, KARSONDAS VISSONJI and VITHALDAS KANJI, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THOSE two pieces or parcels of Government land of Quit and ground rent tenure now formed into one, containing in the aggregate 606 7.9 square yards or thereabouts together with buildings, stables or other structures standing thereon, situate at Parel Road Road on the East and Shaikh Buran Cambodia Street, on the West, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Nos. 8771 and 8772 and New Survey Nos. 3711 and 3712 and Cadastral Survey No. 1330 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward Nos. 2252-53 and 44 and Street Nos. 518, 520, 522 and 113 and bounded, on the North by property of Aboodin Badroodin, on the East by the Parel Road aforesaid, on the South by the property belonging to the Jooma Musjid Charity and on the West by the Shaikh Buran Cambodia Street.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1947.
BHAISHANKER, KANGA and GIRDHARLAL
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4511)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913
and
In the matter of the MADANPURA HANDLOOM INDUSTRIES, Ltd.
MAHOMED ISMAIL MAHOMED ISHAK .. Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 18th day of July 1947 presented to this Hon'ble Court by the said Mahomed Ismail Mahomed Ishak a shareholder of the said Company and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before His Lordship the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee on the 29th day of August, 1947; and any creditor or contributory of the said company, desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Dated the 18th day of July, 1947.
DADLA & CO.,
Attorneys for the Petitioner.
(4515)

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Do you cough in the morning? Do you cough up ugly, dark phlegm? That's morning mucus—and it's a danger sign. It means that your lungs and throat have been irritated by germ-laden dust or smoke. As a result, you cough. Coughing is bad for your lungs. It strains them, paves the way for another coughing bout.

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WEIGHTAGES AND SEPARATE ELECTORATES MUST GO, SAYS DR. MAHMUD

Dr. Syed Mahmud, Minister of Development, Bihar, has issued a statement, urging the necessity of introducing the system of joint electorates in the Indian Union and suggesting the holding of a conference of representative Muslims of all shades of political opinion.

Dr. Mahmud says: "Now that the partition of India into the Dominions of the Indian Union and of Pakistan is a settled fact, it is time that the Muslims of the Indian Union should pause and consider what course they should adopt in the present political context.

"I do not here propose to enter into a controversy over the wisdom or otherwise of partitioning India. Time alone can show how far this step will be conducive to the common good of India in general and Muslims in particular. Personally I believe that the economic and other interests of the masses, irrespective of communities, will in the long run restore the unity of India."

"Now that Pakistan is an accomplished fact, there is no justification whatsoever for continuing the outlook which shaped the political activities of the Muslim League so far. Muslims should change their outlook and reorientate their policy by taking deep and abiding interest in the province they live in and help in ushering in a new economic order.

"If past experience be a guide, I would unhesitatingly say that communal weightages and reservations have proved but poor aids to their healthy growth and development.

"I would, therefore, ask my coreligionists in all earnestness not to look for these special privileges and concessions but to take their stand on merit alone.

"In this new context separate electorates will have no meaning and will rather be a great handicap instead of help in enabling the Muslim community to rise to the full height of its stature. Will it not be far more desirable for them identify themselves completely and unreservedly with the interests of their respective provinces and thereby win the goodwill and confidence of all and stand the chance of securing greater and more effective representation through joint electorate and free competition?

"It is my earnest desire that the Muslims in the Indian Union will give their most serious consideration to the problems facing us on the correct solution of which rests ours future. May I suggest that representative Muslims of all shades of political opinion may meet at a conference as early as possible, at Patna or elsewhere, in order to put their hands together and try to find the best solution by pooling their experience and wisdom?"

SOMERSETS ROUTED

Harwood League Football

BOMBAY, Sunday:

RANGERS	3
SOMERSETS	0

With their architect-in-Chief Brown back among their ranks the Rangers scored a convincing victory over Somerset Light Infantry and deserved to win by the comfortable margin of three goals to nil. Adams scored the first and the third goal and Brown scored the second.

The honours of the match went to the pivots of the respective sides who helped materially in the defence of their sides. Bloomer in particular seems to be improving with every match and his ability to use the ball well left no doubt that he is among Bombay's finest centre-half. Hadlee though generally sound showed some weak moments during one of which Adams was able to score.

Newcomer Sutton under the Rangers' bar acquitted himself creditably on all the occasions when he was attacked by the soldiers' forwards.

For the losers O'Donnell was not quite his usual self; on the other hand, however, Warwick compensated for the lack of inspiration on the part of his colleague.

Gardner made some useful runs on the Rangers' right-wing and at times appeared to be really dangerous.

THE TEAMS:

RANGERS—Sutton; Woodcock and Bould; Hall, Bloomer and Stone; Gardner, Payne, Adams, Brown and Palin.

SOMERSETS—Stone; Green and Dandoo; Chater, Hadlee and Pearce, Gower, Mole, Adams, O'Donnell and Warwick.

REFEREE—Capt. Panton.

Monday evening at 5-45 p.m. Tatas vs. Bombay Gymkhana.

TODD'S VICTORY OVER OSBORNE

Big Surprise In French Lawn Tennis

PARIS, July 20 (Reuter): Mrs. Patricia Todd, joint holder of the Wimbledon Women's Doubles title, caused a surprise in the French Lawn Tennis Championships by reaching the final at the expense of defending Champion and Wimbledon title-holder, American Margaret Osborne, whom she beat 2-6, 6-3, 6-4.

This was a repetition of Todd's victory over Osborne in the American Championships last year but today's win was surprising because of Osborne's almost unbeatable form which gained her the Wimbledon singles.

Osborne was leading 3-1 in the third set when she broke her racket, after which her game went to pieces

WORLD'S WEIGHT LIFTING RECORD

'Russian Strong Man' Performs Another Feat

LONDON, July 20, (U. P. A.): With Premier Stalin among the spectators Grigori Novak, bottle-legged Russian strong man, established another world's weight lifting record in the mammoth sports parade in Moscow today.

This was reported by Radio Moscow which said the fabulous little Russian—he is 5 feet 2 inches, but competes as a light-heavyweight or heavyweight—had lifted 306 pounds 10 ounces in the two-hand military press (pushing the weight slowly from the shoulders overhead while standing in an erect posture.)

Novak's lift was one of the highlights of the All-Union Physical Culture Day which is observed in Russia as a holiday. More than 40,000 athletes representing 16 republics participated in the competitions.

Stymie Wins International Gold Cup Race

NEW YORK, July 19, (Reuter): Stymie won the £25,000 International Gold Cup race at the Belmont Track New York today

Natchez was second and Assault third.

DIVISION OF INDIAN ARMY

To Be Completed By End Of September

NEW DELHI, July 20, (API): **The final reconstitution of India and Pakistan Armies on the basis of division accepted by the Congress and the Muslim League is expected to be achieved by the end of September.**

The process of exchange of Muslim and non-Muslim personnel between the two armies as temporarily constituted today, it is learnt, will begin on August 1 and may take about two months.

A number of Hindus and Sikhs, whose home is in Indian territory, are in the units at present allotted to Pakistan and similarly many units allotted to India contain Muslims whose home is in Pakistan.

At present nearly two-thirds of the entire Indian Army is posted in Pakistan area. It is expected that units allotted to the new Indian Army will have been shifted to Indian territory by the end of September.

The question of moving army stores, regarding the division of which no final decision has as yet been taken, will however take more time, it is understood, as until the movement of troops is over there is little likelihood of the necessary transport being available

Meanwhile it is learnt, that schemes for the rapid nationalisation of the army are under active consideration so that they may be given effect to as soon as the division is completed.

TERMS FOR BRITISH OFFICERS

In this connection it is learnt that the two Dominion Governments hope to retain the services of some British officers, Particularly those in the technical branches.

The terms of service of such British officers as are willing to serve either the two Dominion Armies have been drawn up on the basis of a one year contract in the first instance, the contract to be terminable with three months' notice on either side. Regarding scales of pay it is learnt, that British officers will get Indian Army pay according to rank, and to ensure that they do not suffer any loss through having to pay Income-Tax at British Government rates, the Dominion Governments will pay the difference between the amount of Income-Tax levied at Indian rates and that at British rates. The effect of this will be that such British officers as stay on will continue to receive the pay that they would if there had been no change over.

STALIN'S OFFER TO BRITAIN

Supply Of 6,500,000 Tons Of Grains

LONDON, July 20, (U. P. A.): The Diplomatic Correspondent of the Sunday newspaper, "The People", said today that Stalin had offered Britain 6,500,000 tons of grain "which may well restore the European balance of power to this country and bring us relief by helping to release us from "the dollar grip."

The dispatch said Stalin had been playing "a high-powered role" behind the diplomatic scene and a few days ago reversed a Molotov decision by instructing Trade Minister Mikoyan to increase the latest Russian offer of 650,000 tons of grain over the next few years to ten times that amount.

The Diplomatic Correspondent said that Britain can use the Russia wheat to threaten to cut grain buying from the United States, bring down the price of American grain and compel Washington to revise Article 9 of the loan agreement which forbids discrimination against American goods.

Dr Rajan's Advice To Anglo-Indians

MADRAS, July 19, (API): Dr. P. S. S. Rajan, Food Minister, Madras, addressing the Anglo-Indian Youth Movement at their annual celebrations here this evening, appealed to the Anglo-Indian community in India to realise that they were citizens of India and to accept the responsibilities entailed therein.

BLUE-PRINT FOR EUROPE'S RECONSTRUCTION

Technical Committees Busy Drafting Plan

PARIS, July 20. (Reuter): Technical experts who are to help in drawing up Europe's "blue print for reconstruction", which must be submitted to Mr. George Marshall, the United States Secretary of State, by September 1, were arriving in Paris to-day. Their work begins to-morrow.

The document of instruction and guidance prepared by the Executive Committee was accepted with only a slight alteration in draft at a meeting last night of the Committee for European Economic co-operation set up at last week's talks on the Marshall Plan for aid to Europe.

It is the basic document on which the four Technical Committees—the Iron and Steel Committee the Food and Agriculture Committee, the Power Committee and the Transport Committee—will begin work to-morrow afternoon.

With the adoption of this working plan of the European Economic Conference has begun its technical phase. The Conference has maintained its "speed programme" and the experts are taking over on time.

WORKING PLAN.

The Working Plan analyses difficulties due to the war, efforts made to date, summarises national programmes contemplated for the period 1947 to 1951, and deals with import requirements, balance of payments, and the extent to which European mutual help may minimise external assistance.

A further section deals with overseas territories indicating the extent to which they can supplement or become a drain on European resources.

The general instructions to the Four Committees state that the period to be covered by the survey is to be 1947 to 1951.

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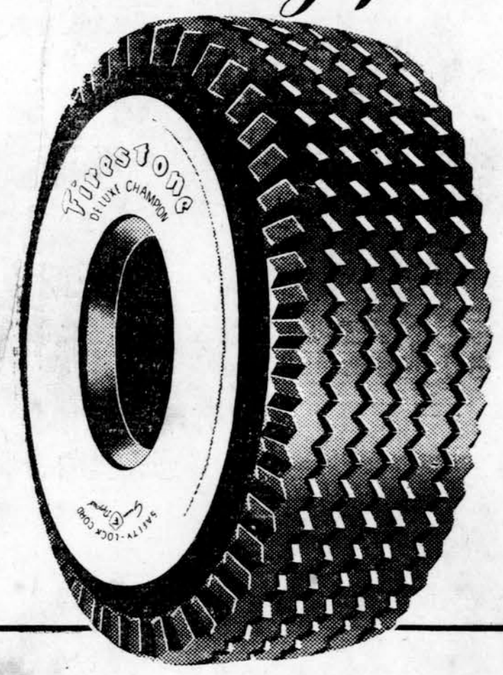

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Adhik Shravan Shud 4, 2003.
Muslim: Ramjan 2, 1366.
Parsi: Behman 21, 1316.
Sunrise 6-12 a.m. Sunset: 7-18 o.m.
Hightide 01-51, 14-32.
Lowtide: 07-48, 20-52.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3 p.m. (B. T.).

YOUTHS' OWN UNION: Second annual general meeting of the Union will be held in K. R Cama Library Hall, at 6 p.m., today.

MOTHER INDIA FREE NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL: Mr. M. Y. Nurie, President of the school, will address students at 6-30 p.m., to-day, on the occasion of the reopening of the school at its new premises, the Lord Harris Primary School, near G. T. Hospital, Carnac Road.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT STAFF FEDERATION: A meeting of the General Council of the Bombay Government Staff Federation will be held at 6 p.m., today, at the Cama Memorial Hall, opposite Lion Gate, Fort, (and not at Blavatsky Lodge Hall, as previously announced). The meeting will discuss the issue of a day's token strike to be observed on the 6th August, by the employees of Bombay Government as a protest against the delay in the revision of pay-scales.

MAZDAZNAN DEBATE: 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road, debate on "That the weapon of violence has failed to serve humanity throughout the ages; and now, in its stead the law of non-violence should be tried".

G. I. P. AND B. B. & C. I. RAILWAYS APPRENTICES: Meeting at the Poddar College Hall, Matunga, at 6 p.m., today (Monday), to consider the fixation of the scales of pay to Apprentices consequent upon the Pay Commission's recommendations.

A. I. R. ON CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY: India's Constituent Assembly has arranged, in the School Broadcasts programmes a series of broadcasts on the proceedings of the Constituent Assembly. The second talk in the series will be broadcast today (Monday).

JAYAPRAKASH TO ADDRESS STUDENTS.

Under the auspices of the Socialist Party, (Bombay) Jayaprakash Narayan will address a students' meeting, at 6-0 p.m., today, in the Sinderbai Hall, on: "Student Movement in Free India"

L. S. G. D. EXAMINATION RESULTS. (January-May 1947).

The following students have passed the L. S. G. D. Examination held in the month of May, 1947:
(In order of Merits).

Mr. J. M. Bajpai, Mr. Balkrishnarao Dhondopant Kshirsagar, Mr. Murari Lal Govil, Mr. Mohd. Aitamadul Huq, Mr. J. A. Chokshi, Mr. Bhagwandas Shrivastava, Mr. M. A. Hameed, Mr. Purushothaman Nair S., Mr. Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Gopala Pillai, Mr. Padmanabhan Nair E., Mr. Champalal G. Parmar, Mr. Dattaram Bhalchandra Joshi, Mr. G. Ramados, Mr. M. V. Samant, Mr. Madhavan Nair K. P. and Mr. M. C. Chacko.

POST OFFICE CASHIERS' & STAMP VENDORS' TOKEN STRIKE.

A resolution was passed in the meeting of the Post Office Cashiers and Stamp-Vendors Union held under the presidentship of Mr. K. S. Dharia to observe one day token strike on Tuesday, 22nd inst.

9,000 DOCKYARD WORKERS TO STRIKE

H.M.I. Dockyard Workers' Union Secretary writes:

A general meeting of the Dockyard Workers' held on Saturday last at Cama Hall, 17th July was the last day for the authorities (N.H.Q.) to give reply to the notice given by the Union. The Dockyard workers by their resolution of the meeting held on 10th July asked the N.H.Q. to come to some satisfactory settlement as regards the retrenchment of 1,000 workers, and also as regards implementation of Pay Commission and Pradhan Committee Recommendations and also as regards Retrenchment Gratuity, by 17th July 47. The resolution warned the Government and the N.H.Q that if no satisfactory settlement is arrived at the Union will be forced to call upon the workers to go on strike from 21st July.

Plea For Free Imports Of Bicycles

The President of the Madras Cycle Importers' Association has addressed a memorandum to the Government of India, Department of Commerce stressing the need for encouraging free imports of bicycles and thier accessories including their spare parts.

The memorandum states that the production of bicycles in India falls far short of the demand and as bicycle constitutes the poor and middle class conveyance, especially in small towns and rural areas, it must needs be classed not in the list of the consumers' goods—like toilet, tooth paste, etc., but as an article next in importance only to food in the nation's economy.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, July 21.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'mel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Ramkrishna Parwatkar (Teental) 8-45 Bhalchandra Manjrekar (Marathi song) 9-0 Seeta Moolkey (Ramkalt).

12-0 Programme of special interest to women (H, U and H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Bhajan 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Ramkrishna Parwatkar (Rudra: Tal) 5-15 S. G. Nevrekar (Bhimpalas) 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6 10 News (H) 6-15 Bhalchandra Manjrekar (Pad) 6-30 Sheikh Chand (Nagpur) (Vocal) 6-45 Koklia Mistry (Gujarati Geet Kolak) 7-0 Monday Special (Surprise programme) 7-15 Ramkrishna Parwatkar (Gat tora on tabla) 7-30 Atithi-Ni Tithi (Interview with Kaka Saheb Kalelkar) 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-20 Folk-Songs of India (3) (Relayed from Delhi) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Science Notes (Discussion between Sir Sahid Singh Sokhey and Dr. Nazir Ahmed) 10-0 Seeta Moolkey (Kedar) 10-30 S. G. Nevrekar (Binop).

PLEA TO HAVE GERMAN EXPERTS

A.-I. Manufacturers' Association's Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday:

The Control Committee of the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation at their second quarterly meeting today, appealed to the Dominions of India and Pakistan to have common economic policies, plans and programmes "on the basis on this subcontinent being one economic and indivisible unit."

This, they urged, would prevent exploitation of the resources of the two Dominions by other nations. They also pleaded that the Indian Union should have a strong central government vested with wide powers in matters affecting the economic and industrial life of the country.

The services of first-rate German experts to run Indian industries "as they are willing to settle in India as the future of Germany is sealed," should be secured by the Government of India, said Mr. S. G. Shah Vice-President of the Organisation, in his address to the meeting. He expressed satisfaction at the new import trade control policy of Government but said that the "irritating restrictions" on the export of Indian manufactured goods should be abolished in the interests of industrial development.

SOCIALISTS' CALL TO CITY KANNADIGAS

A well attended meeting of Kannadigas was held today the 20th inst. at the Cama Institute Library Hall, Fort, in order to discuss the ways and means of organising effective support of the Kannada speaking people of Bombay to the Socialist Party (Karnatak).

Smt. Kamala Devi addressing the meeting impressed upon the audience the need for supporting and strengthening the Party branch in Karnatak which was recently set up. She also appealed to them to help in popularising 'Jagriti' the the mouth piece of the Socialist Party, Karnatak.

Following her speech, Mr. K. S. Karanth, Secretary of the Socialist Party, Karnatak, placed before the audience a vivid picture of the work done by the Party in the province since its inception recently. He appealed to the Kannadigas in Bombay to help them in bringing up the Party.

At the suggestion of the President of the meeting, Prof. U. U. Bhat, a Committee of 9 members was appointed with Mr. Venkatram as Convener. Interested public will please write to the Convener, c/o. Socialist Party Office, Bhai Jivanji Lane Thakurdwar, Bombay.

R.I.N. Revolt Day Prisoners On Hunger-Strike

The Secretary, Bolshevik Leninist Party of India, Bombay Unit, writes:

It is desired to bring to your notice the treatment given to certain members of the Bolshevik Leninist Party and the Forward Bloc, who are at present undergoing imprisonment at Yerwada Central Prison, Poona, for celebrating the R.I.N. Revolt Day Anniversary in Bombay on February 23, 1947. These prisoners are being treated as common criminals, on an equal footing with blackmarketeers and footpads, and the prison authorities have refused consistently to reconsider their status and to accord them the privileges due to political prisoners.

As a protest against this refusal, these six political prisoners, after seeking intervention of the Prime Minister and Home Minister of Bombay Province, declared a hunger strike on the 17th July, 1947. This hunger strike is still continuing.

It should be the duty of all lovers of civil liberties to protest vigorously against this attitude of the authorities.

INDORE RULER BACK HOME

INDORE, July 20 (U.P.I.): In view of the Conference of States' representatives scheduled to meet at Delhi on July 25 under the presidentship of the Viceroy, the Maharaja of Indore has cut short his stay in London where he had been in the first week of July for negotiations with British Ministers and others about the future of Indore.

According to the present programme the Maharaja, accompanied by Mr. R. A. Horton, the Prime Minister will arrive here tomorrow. He is likely to make an important announcement this week about Indore's fature.

It is not yet known whether the Maharaja or the Prime Minister will attend the Delhi Conference.

Minister Resigns

The United Press of India understands that Mr. R. G. Matkar, a member of the Indore State Cabinet, has resigned as a protest against the Ruler's policy in not joining the Indian Constituent Assembly. Mr. Matkar is likely to be succeeded by an Englishman.

There are already two Englishmen and one American in the Cabinet of six Ministers.

RAILWAY INQUIRY MEMBERS IN BANGALORE

BANGALORE, July 20 (A.P.I.): Four members of the Indian Railway Enquiry Committee who are conducting enquiries into the working of Government-owned railways arrived here this morning by special train from Cochin. The Committee has been specially invited by the Government of Mysore to enquire into the working and administration of the Mysore State Railway. The Committee consists of seven members, three non-officials and four officials with Mr. K. C. Neogy as Chairman.

A batch of about 50 members of Mysore State Railway Employees' Association held a demonstration with starvation badges before members of the Committee on their arrival in Bangalore city railway station. The members met the demonstrators and enquired about the significance of the demonstration. They have been asked to subit a memorandum of their grievances.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 20, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from June 1, 1947 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours 1st on July 20:—

Ahmedabad 92 80 T 9.0 minus 2.6, Baroda 91 80 T 10.3 —, BOMBAY 88 77 1.1 23.6 minus 13.6, Calcutta 90 73 5.5 19.3 minus 0.8, Delhi 93 77 0.1 2.2 P minus 6.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 84 74 0 7.9 minus 0.2, Hyderabad (Sd.) 103 81 0 0 minus 2.3, Karachi 87 79 0 0 minus 2.6, Lahore 106 81 0.1 0.2 minus 4.9, Lucknow 88 81 0.4 21.8 plus 9.8, Madras 97 82 T 2.3 minus 1.7, Nagpur 87 78 T 16.1 minus 2.5 Patna 91 81 0 9.8 minus 6.8, Pesnawar 108 82 0 0.1 minus 1.0 Poona 83 71 0.1 7.6 minus 1.1, Surat 89 82 0 3.0 minus 12.0

WEATHER SUMMARY.

POONA, July 20, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, July 20.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, Central India, the Konkan Mysore and Malabar and local in Assam, Orissa, Bihar, the East and North Punjab, East Rajputana, Berar and the West Central Provinces. There have also been a few showers the East Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, South-East Madras and the Madras Deccan.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 21ST EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in Malabar and the Konkan and along the belt of the country from the West United Provinces and West Central India to North-East India. Showers will occur locally in Gujarat, Mysore, South-East Madras and the East Punjab and at a few stations in Kashmir, the Deccan and the North Madras coast.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain will occur in and near East Central India in Kanara, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and the Sub-montane regions of the United Provinces.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

O God! that bread should be
So dear,
And flesh and blood so cheap!
—Thomas Hood

The Bombay Chronicle

A GRIEVOUS TRAGEDY

Not Burma alone has been stunned by the dastardly assassination of U. Aung San and five of his colleagues in the Interim Government. It has shocked a whole world by its incredible fiendishness. The perpetrators of that ghastly outrage, one of the worst in modern history, have committed a national crime because it is a blow struck at Burma, its people and, indeed, at the very soul of the Burmese nation. It is truly a tragedy beyond words. For what words can describe the calamity of the life of an outstanding hero struck down so violently in its very prime along with those of so many other colleagues? Aung San was only 32 years old. Yet, as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru says he had "even in his youth become the architect of Burmese freedom. History provides few parallels of leaders who, long before it is given to men to claim maturity, had in such a brief time achieved so much, leading a great people and country with courage, patriotism and the far-seeing wisdom of statesmen from slavery through many stages of crisis to literally the very threshold of freedom. It was no exaggerated tribute to that young man, patriot and hero for the Burmese to have called him "the man who liberated his country". It is this man whom assassins have murdered and by their foll act bereaved Burma and its people. What the tragedy means to Burma, it is not difficult to imagine. But Burma, which during the past ten years or so has emerged through many a crisis will, inspired and sustained by the memory of its leader and his colleagues, emerge from this supreme tragedy, too. India and its people, as their leader Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru says in his message, offer to the people of Burma their sincerest sympathy and will stand by them in the difficult days ahead.

India's grief is no conventional expression of a mere human reaction to the sorrow of another. The relations between this country and Burma are much deeper and closer than that. They arise from feelings of intimate friendship, indeed, kinship. Therefore, it is that India, too, mourns the death of Burma's "chosen leaders" as if it were her own personal tragedy. But it is a tragedy that extends even beyond Burma and India, at this critical stage in the history of our continent. As Pandit Nehru rightly says: "I mourn for Asia who has lost one of her bravest and most farseeing sons". The son is gone, but he has left behind much to sustain, encourage and guide Asia. Meanwhile, this grievous tragedy offers an urgent warning, too, which has been emphasised by Pandit Nehru: "India and Burma and Asia indulge in violence at the peril of their freedom. All our fair dreams will vanish if we cannot pull ourselves up and think straight and act straight at this critical moment in our history".

Deplorable Decision

It was a deplorable decision at which the majority of the Congress Party members of the Indian Constituent Assembly arrived on Friday that, to quote the Associated Press of India, report, "Hindi in Devnagri script should be the national language of India" and that "it would seek to get this incorporated in the provincial and Union Constitutions by sponsoring a resolution when the relevant clause comes up for discussion". When on Saturday the relevant clause in the provincial constitution came up for discussion, its consideration, on the suggestion of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, was held over. Under the Congress Constitution Hindustani, written in Devnagri or Urdu script, is the national language of the country and the Committees appointed by the Constituent Assembly to draft the principles of Union and Provincial Constitutions had recommended that business in the Union Legislature should be transacted in Hindustani (Hindi or Urdu) or English or in the mother tongue of a member not being able to express himself adequately in either language and in the Provincial Legislature in the Provincial language or languages or Hindustani (Hindi or Urdu) or English.

The recommendation was a sound one, having regard to the realities of the situation, so far as English was concerned and to the constitution of the Congress so far as Hindustani was concerned. Why, then, has the majority of the Congress Party members of the Constituent Assembly reversed this recommendation and adopted a resolution, which is a clear breach of the Congress constitution and forswears its character of being a national organization?

A report in the "Hindustan Times" by its special representative seems to offer an explanation. The correspondent says: "The storm was brewing for some time. Many members felt that Muslims having caused division of the country the whole issue of national language must be reviewed afresh. They held the view that there was now no justification for compromise and that the Patel report on Provincial constitution should be amended to declare Hindi in Devnagri script as the national language of India". We cannot imagine that such a crude plea savouring of rank communalism offers an explanation of the decision of the majority of the Congress Party members of the Constituent Assembly. For, if it were so, it would mean that the Congress had ceased to be a national organization and was capable of allowing itself to be influenced by events, however lamentable, to deny its ideals and its traditions for which millions of Hindus, Muslims and men and women of other communities have suffered and sacrificed. The Congress is a much higher institution than any fleeting majority, even if it be a majority of Congress Party in the Constituent Assembly. After careful consideration, the Congress, many years ago, decided that Hindustani, written in either script, Devnagri or Urdu, should be the national language of the country. The Hindi-Urdu controversy, both in respect of language and script, had in recent years, caused considerable bitterness among Hindus and Muslims and the Congress demonstrated its "raison d'etre" by rising above this controversy and adopting the middle course of declaring Hindustani written in either script as the national language. To the popularisation of Hindustani Gandhiji and all Congress organizations and Congress Ministries have since devoted themselves. Now, therefore, to reverse the process and to declare Hindi written in Devnagri script to be the national language would be a disastrous blow to Indian national integrity and harmony.

We know that recent events have brought about an unfortunate and reactionary change in the minds of some Congressmen. But, it is nonetheless, true that the heart of the average Congressman beats true, that he would never countenance any step that would revive a bitter and wholly unnecessary controversy calculated to harm all true national interests, that would lay the Congress open to the charge of having become a Hindu organization, of being desirous of establishing a Hindu State and of having accepted the poisonous two-nation theory. The report of the "Hindustan Times" to which we have referred bears testimony to this for the report says:

> The rare phenomena of the Congress leaders and the rank and file being ranged in opposite camps and the leaders being heavily out-voted, occurred today when a party meeting of the Congress members of the Constituent Assembly is reported to have decided, by 63 votes to 32, that Hindi should be the national language of India. It was further decided, by 63 votes to 18, that the national language should be written in Hindi script. The meeting favoured English as the second language.

It is gathered that Pandit Nehru and Acharya Kripalani disagreed with the majority view, and stated that since the issue related to a matter of faith party whip should not be issued and every Congress members should be free to express his views and vote on the subject in the Constituent Assembly. This was agreed to by the meeting". We hope, in the large interests of the Congress and the country, the majority of the Congress Party members of the Constituent Assembly will reconsider its decision and allow itself to be guided by the leaders. The Constituent Assembly is a sovereign body But Congressmen in that Assembly cannot be disloyal to the constitution of the Congress until the latter itself changes it. That Hindustani is the national language is part and parcel of the Congress constitution. Congressmen in the Constituent Assembly will ill serve that body or the country and the Congress if they become party to a decision which not only flouts the constitution of the Congress but is also tantamount to the betrayal of its cherished ideals and its glorious traditions.

Frankly Speaking

Challenge Of The New Order

The tiny group of Indian journalists in London celebrated the official birth of the two new Dominions of India and Pakistan, by launching an association of their own. In England nothing can be done without eating, so that the Association was inaugurated at a luncheon to which Lord Listowel, Secretary of State for India brought the news of the King's assent to the Indian Independence Bill, given less than an hour before. As was to be expected, on such an occasion, a great deal was said about the past and the future of the press in India. It is undoubtedly true that, despite its shortcomings; despite what was quite often rank exploitation masquerading as nationalism; despite the fact that it was manned by people who were discriminated against and subjected to many handicaps, on the one hand, and were sweated and miserably paid on the other, the Indian press, by and large, laboured manfully and made a commendable contribution to the winning of India's freedom. That much has been admitted by every unbiassed observer. And to-day, as Lord Listowel put it, Indian journalism "stands at the threshold of new opportunities and faces a fresh challenge."

Press Can Face It

The British Government and the bureaucracy which formed a constant target of its attack is no longer there. Secondly, the press has to deal with a public that is rapidly passing the stage of sentimental spoon-feeding and is out to apply more rigorous standards. New problems have to be faced and a wider variety of reading public have to be catered for. So far the press has been urban, even Metropolitan, in its news, opinions and outlook. Now a two-way movement is in evidence. A crop of provincial papers are struggling to find their level and smaller district papers are bound to make their appearance soon. On the other hand, the stress on urban news, interests and problems must diminish and the countryside and the lives and problems of the people in the villages are calling for greater attention. Then, again, newspaper personnel is not and cannot in the nature of things, be inspired by the same old spirit of missionary zeal and journalism is beginning to be regarded more as a profession than as a mission. Symptomatic of this spirit is the formation of Journalists' Unions and the quite recent agitation of the question of their emoluments and working conditions. Governments, too, are rightly beginning to give ear to this clamour and the U.P. Government has already appointed a committee of inquiry. At the other end of the scale, large business interests are trying to form chains and gain control of the press. The press in India to-day, under the stress of so many such contending forces, is certainly facing a grave crisis. But there is no ground whatsoever to feel that it will not be able to face the challenge and carve out for itself a unique and useful place in the life of the nation.

Dr. Shafaat Ahmed Khan

We regret the sad death of Dr. Shafaat Ahmad Khan after a two months' illness at Simla. During the greater part of his public career, Dr. Shafaat Ahmad Khan, an eminent professor of history and a politician, belonged to a school of thought and activity which quite rightly did not find favour with nationalist India and the Congress. That is why the news of his inclusion in the first Interim Cabinet was received with surprise rather than satisfaction. But he did not fail to justify that inclusion by his work and he proved the courage of his conviction, too, when he declared, after the dastardly attack on his life, that he would not be deflected from the path of service he had chosen. A man of undoubted abilities can prove very useful once those abilities are launched in the right direction. And Dr. Shafaat Ahmad was eminently such a man. India will regret his sad death because it represents the loss of a man who would have been a valuable asset to this country in its new life.

A Strange Anomaly

The Interim Government should have been re-organised at least on the lines of the Bengal Government long ago just as soon as the four out of five seceding areas had taken their decision. But, according to New Delhi reports, it could not be done because Mr. Jinnah chose to raise legalistic objections. In any case, the Indian Independence Act has specifically removed those objects enabling the coalition to come to an end and also acilitating both the division into two States and the work of their divided administration. The re-organisation is obviously temporary as it had to be until the formal installation of two Dominion Governments on August 15. In the meantime only one feature of the new sets-up calls for some comment. We are referring to Mr. I. I. Chundrigar's position. He is a member of the successor Government for the new State of Pakistan and he is also simultaneously a member of the Constitution making body for the State of the Indian Union and of its legislature. This is a strange and unique anomaly which it is very difficult to understand.

SOVEREIGN INDEPENDENT INDIAN REPUBLIC

Who Will Be Its "Citizens"

The following is the first instalment of the report on the principles of the Union Constitution which Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru has presented to the Constituent Assembly on behalf of the members of the Committee appointed by its President in pursuance of the resolution of the Assembly of 30th April last:—

MEMORANDUM ON THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

PREAMBLE.—We, the people of India, seeking to promote the common good, do hereby, through our chosen representatives, enact, adopt and give to ourselves this Constitution.

PART I

FEDERAL TERRITORY AND JURISDICTION

1. NAME AND TERRITORY OF FEDERATION.—The Federation hereby established shall be a sovereign independent Republic known as India.

Save as otherwise provided by or under this Constitution or any treaty or agreement, the territories included for the time being in Schedule I shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Federation.

(Note.—The structure proposed to be established by this Constitution being federal in character, the term Federation has been used.)

"India" has been suggested for the name of the State as being the shortest and the most comprehensive.

The words "save as otherwise provided by or under any treaty of agreement" are necessary, because there may be Indian States which, though unfederated and therefore not in the Schedule, may have ceded jurisdiction for certain special purposes by some treaty or agreement.

2. ADMISSION OF NEW TERRITORY.—The Parliament of the Federation may from time to time by Act include new territories in Schedule I upon such terms as it thinks fit.

(Cf.—Art. IV, Section 3(1), of the Constitution of the U.S.A. and Section 121 of the Australian Constitution. The power to admit new States is vested in the Congress in the U.S.A. and in the Commonwealth Parliament in Australia.

As a matter of nomenclature it may be explained that in this draft the Legislature of the Federation is referred to as "Parliament"; Unit Legislatures are referred to as "Legislatures." The Federal Parliament consists of the President and a National Assembly comprising two Houses. —

3. CREATION OF NEW UNITS AND ALTERATION OF BOUNDARIES OF UNITS.—The Parliament of the Federation may by Act, with the consent of the Legislature of every Province and the Legislature of every Indian State affected thereby,

(a) create a new unit; (b) increase the area of any unit; (c) diminish the area of any unit; (d) alter the boundaries of any unit; and may with the like consent make such incidental and consequential provisions as it may deem necessary or proper.

(Note.—This corresponds to S. 290 of the Act of 1935, but is wider in that it provides for the possibility of Indian State territory being included in a Province.)

SCHEDULE I

TERRITORIES SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE FEDERATION

I. GOVERNORS' PROVINCES: Madras, Bombay, West Bengal, The United Provinces, Bihar, East Punjab, The Central Provinces and Berar, Assam, Orissa.

II. CHIEF COMMISSIONERS' PROVINCES: Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Coorg, The Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Panth Piploda.

III. INDIAN STATES: (Here enumerate the acceding or ratifying Indian States:—(1) Single States, (2) Groups of States.)

The Governors' Provinces and the Chief Commissioners' Provinces specified in the Schedule will be automatically within the jurisdiction of the Federation of India. As regards Indian States, some procedure will have to be prescribed for determining which of them are to be included in the Schedule initially. Under the Act of 1935, accession was to be evidenced by "Instruments of Accession" executed by the Rulers. If it is considered undesirable to use this term or adopt this procedure, some kind of ratification may have to be prescribed.

If any of the Provinces specified in the Schedule should be partitioned before the Constitution comes into operation, the Schedule will have to be amended accordingly.

"PART II

"This Part is subject to the decision of the 'ad hoc' Committee on Citizenship Clause.

CITIZENSHIP

1. CITIZENSHIP.—At the date of commencement of this Constitution: every person domiciled in the territories subject to the jurisdiction of the Federation—

(a) who has been ordinarily resident in those territories for not less than five years immediately preceding that date, or
(b) who, or whose parents, or either of whose parents, was or were born in India,

shall be a citizen of the Federation:

Provided that any such person being a citizen of any other State may, in accordance with Federal law, elect not to accept the citizenship hereby conferred.

Explanation—

For the purposes of this clause—

"Domicile" has the same meaning as in the Indian Succession Act, 1925.

2. After the commencement of this Constitution—

(a) every person who is born in the territories subject to the jurisdiction of the Federation;
(b) every person who is naturalised in accordance with Federal law; and
(c) every person, either of whose parents was, at the time of such person's birth, a citizen of the Federation; —

shall be a citizen of the Federation.

3. Further provisions governing the acquisition and termination of Federal citizenship may be made by Federal law.

Explanation—

In this Constitution, unless the context otherwise requires, "Federal law" includes any existing Indian law as in force within the territories subject to the jurisdiction of the Federation.

(Note.—The provisions regarding citizenship will doubtless rouse keen controversy. The present draft is merely meant as a basis for discussion. Cf. Art. 3 of the Constitution of the Irish Free State, 1922, which runs—

"Every person, without distinction of sex, domiciled in the area of the jurisdiction of the Irish Free State at the time of the coming into operation of this Constitution, who was born in Ireland or either of whose parents was born in Ireland, or who has been ordinarily resident in the area of the jurisdiction of the Irish Free State for not less than seven years, is a citizen of the Irish Free State and shall, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Irish Free State, enjoy the privileges and be subject to the obligations of such citizenship:

Provided that any such person being a citizen of another State may elect not to accept the citizenship hereby conferred; and the conditions governing the future acquisition and termination of citizenship in the Irish Free State shall be determined by law."

Clause 1 is on the lines of the above provision, except that a period of five years has been substituted for seven years in accordance with S.3(1)(c) of the Indian Naturalisation Act, VII of 1926.

The clause has had to be drafted with due regard to the probability that the Federation will not initially exercise jurisdiction over the whole of India.

A person born in India and domiciled in Bombay, who happens to be resident in London at the commencement of the new Constitution, will be a citizen of the Federation under this clause; but not one domiciled in Sind or Baluchistan, if the Federation does not initially exercise jurisdiction there. It is, however, open to any person to acquire a new domicile by taking up his fixed habitation in another area before the Constitution comes into operation.

Under the Indian Succession Act, 1925, every person has a "domicile of origin", which prevails until he acquires a new domicile. Briefly, his domicile of origin is in the country in which at the time of his birth his father was domiciled, and he can acquire a new domicile by taking up his fixed habitation in another country. There is also a provision in the Act enabling any person to acquire a domicile in British India by making and depositing in some office in British India, appointed in this behalf by the Provincial Government, a declaration in writing of his desire to acquire such domicile: provided that he has been resident in British India for one year preceding the date of the declaration. Generally speaking, a wife's domicile during her marriage follows the domicile of her husband. If any person who is at present domiciled, say, in Hyderabad, wishes to acquire a domicile, say, in Delhi, before the coming into operation of this Constitution, he can do so either by taking up his fixed habitation in Delhi or by following the procedure prescribed in the above provision of the Indian Succession Act, so that at the date of commencement of the Constitution he will become domiciled "in the territories subject to the jurisdiction of the Federation.

Clauses 2 and 3 follow the provisions suggested by the 'ad hoc' Committee; clause 2 is not necessary, if we are content to leave the matter to Federal law under clause 3. In this connection, there is much to be said in favour of the view of the Calcutta Weekly Notes:

"It is not possible to define exhaustively the conditions of nationality, whether by birth or naturalisation, by the Constitution. If certain conditions are laid down by the Constitution, difficulties may arise regarding the interpretation of future legislation which may appear to be contrary to or to depart in any way from them. For example, the draft of the nationality clause placed before the Constituent Assembly lays down that any person born in the Union would be a citizen of the Union. But what about a woman citizen of the Union marrying an alien national or about an alien woman marrying a Union national? Would the Union Legislature have power to legislate in the first case that the woman would lose her Union nationality or in the second case that she would acquire Union nationality (such being the law of most of the countries)? These are intriguing questions, but all these things have to be pondered before a rigid clause is inserted in the Constitution itself. It would, in our opinion, therefore, be better to specify who would be citizens of the Indian Union at the date when the Constitution comes into force as in the constitution of the Irish Free State and leave the law regarding nationality to be provided for by legislation by the Indian Union in accordance with the accepted principles of Private International Law." (Calcutta Weekly Notes, Vol. LI, No. 27, May 26, 1947).

The same journal in two subsequent issues (Vol. LI, Nos. 28 and 29 June 2, and June 9, 1947) has drawn attention to a host of other questions arising out of clause 2 and on the whole it may be better altogether to omit that clause, leaving the matter at large to be regulated by Federal law under clause 3.).

(To Be Continued).

Our Readers' Views

Vaccination Of Steamer Passengers

Sir,—In your issue of last Monday a correspondent says that while British authorities and P. & O. Steam Navigation Company do not insist upon the vaccination of any person arriving in England from India, some steamship companies refuse to permit passengers wishing to travel from India to England unless they could produce vaccination certificates.

Sir, it is now admitted by the British Ministry of Health and by leading medical officials in England that vaccination does cause inflammation of the brain and disease of nervous system, often with fatal results or lifelong injury. Vaccination, which has evil results, ought not to be compulsory. Steamship companies, therefore, should not maintain this unjust regulation of making vaccination a condition for passengers travelling from India to England.

Moreover, if vaccination really "protects" those who accept it, why need they fear the presence of the unvaccinated? If, on the other hand, vaccination affords no protection against small-pox, as opponents of vaccination contend, then compulsion is clearly an infamy.

Passengers wishing to go from India to England without being vaccinated (and other readers) should seek advice of National Anti-vaccination league, 25, Denison House, 296, Vauxhall Bridge Road, Westminister, London S. W. I.—Yours, etc,

CITIZEN OF THE WORLD.

Cholera In Thana

Sir,—It is reported in newspapers that cholera has broken out in Thana. The sanitary condition of Thana is admitted to be unsatisfactory. Cholera is directly associated with insanitary conditions and it is to their removal and not to inoculation that we should look for its abolition.

"The natural home of cholera is a land of foul water" writes Dr. Hart, a distinguished medical authority.—Yours, etc.

WORLD CITIZEN.

REORGANISATION OF SOCIALIST PARTY

Will They Accept Office In New Political Set Up?

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Important plans for reorganisation of the Socialist Party of India are now under active consideration of the Party High Command, the United Press of India reliably learns. Mr. Jai Prakash Narayan, leader of the Party, who had been in Bombay for a fortnight is reported to have discussed this matter with other Socialist leaders of the city.

Apart from the adoption of measures to tone up efficiency in the internal organisational work of the Party, ground, it is understood, is being prepared to intiate radical changes in the policy and programme hitherto pursued by the Party.

According to the proposed plans the Socialists who so far functioned primarily as an opposition group within the Congress are expected to play a more active 'role' in the reconstituted India and in shaping the future Congress policy following invitation extended to them by members of the Congress High Command, particularly Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

One of the proposals in the re-organisational plans of the Socialists appears to be to relax or modify under certain specific conditions the Party mandate against participation of Socialists in the day-to-day administration of the Provinces or at the Centre. If this is accepted on principle, a formula might be evolved which, if agreed upon by the Congress High Command, might facilitate acceptance of office by the Socialists in the Provinces, if necessary, or at the Centre after transference of power on August 15.

MAY JOIN I.N.T.U.C.

The policy of the Socialist Party towards the all-important labour problems of the country is also likely to undergo revision in the near future. Although the Socialists have so far declined to remain in the All-India Trade Union Congress or join the newly constituted Indian National Trade Union Congress, they may in the new political set-up reconsider their earlier move to form their own separate Labour Bureau. The general trend of opinion among them appears to be gradually veering round joining the new Labour Organisation.

A tentative decision on the reorganisation plans is expected to be taken by the first week of August.

Preparing For Pakistan Administration

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 18.

Arrangements for the establishment of central Pakistan Administration here are being hurried through with the arrival of the first train from Delhi carrying an advance batch of staff members.

This Secretariat, it is understood, will have about 500 officers, 4,000 clerks and 2,000 peons and other subordinates but all these will be Muslims and not a single person from any other community.

Sind Muslim College Strike

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 18.

The week-old strike of the students of the Sind Muslim College still continues and there are no signs yet of its being called off.

The Principal of the college has issued a warning that the scholarships of the striking students will be withdrawn unless they apologise and agree to join the college immediately. The students seem determined to continue the strike till the authorities agree to concede their demands which they say are just, fair and most reasonable. In the meantime, the college has been closed by the authorities.

The students have now formulated a number of demands—one of which is the removal of the non-Sindhi Principal of the College, Dr. Siddiqui.

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 18.

With the present communal policy of the Muslim League Government of Sind, Hindu servants— particularly high-grade officers—seem to be much perturbed and they are trying to get services in other Hindu majority province.

The League Government besides fixing representation of Hindus in the Government services to 30 p.c. according to their population, have now been employing non-Sindhi Muslims also in preference to Sindhi Hindus and even some time the Sindhi Muslims. This has naturally created apprehension in their minds more particularly when Mr. Liaquatalikhan has openly invited Muslim technicians to come and serve the Pakistan areas.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LAHORE, July 19.—The Governor of the Punjab issued an order today under the Punjab Public Safety Act prohibiting for 15 days the publication of any statement or report which is not an official communique issued by the Commission, any map or sketch, any photograph, any comment (including headlines thereto), any correspondence, or any other matter concerned with or bearing on the proceedings of the Punjab Boundary Commission.—A.P.I.

* * *

In his Indian Independence message, Mr. L. S. Amery urges that "the speed with which the Indian Bill has been carried through is only one more evidence of Britain's genuine goodwill to India."

The other was the delay in the preceding umpteen years.

* * *

Addressing an hour after the Royal assent to the India Bill, an Indian journalists' audience, Lord Listowel said: "There is a greater fund of goodwill between Indians and Englishmen now than there was ever at any time before."

Provided it is not drawn upon with the profligate recklessness of yore.

* * *

Referring to the "fresh challenge" of "new opportunities" to Indian journalism, Lord Listowel expected that "opinion in India and Pakistan will be increasingly alive and alert to the new responsibilities...."

As witness "Dawn's" open letter to Mahatma Gandhi.

* * *

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar arrived in Delhi on Saturday evening to meet the Viceroy, say press reports.

There is, however, no confirmation yet of the report that the main subject of talks was to be an ultimatum to Lord Mountbatten, the Governor-General-designate, that the ancient, independent and powerful Kingdom of Travancore would refuse to recognise the Indian Union unless a respectfully worded undertaking was immediately forthcoming that India would not recognise the Soviet Union.

* * *

According to a Peshawar report, the Afghan Government has presented another note to the British Government supporting the right of self-determination of the Frontier Pathans.

It's quite all right. Now that the problem is Pakistan's "baby", Mr. Firoz Khan Noon or Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan might be given charge of it with complete confidence in the ability of either, especially of the former, to handle it correctly.

* * *

In a supplementary memorandum to the U.N. Fact Finders, the British Government of Palestine says: "Since the beginning of 1945 the Jews have supported, by an organised campaign of lawlessness, murder and sabotage, their contention that whatever other interests might be concerned nothing should be allowed to stand in the way of a Jewish State and free Jewish immigration to Palestine."

We can almost hear Washington saying: "So what?" or "Oh Yeah?" or words to that effect.

DUTCH OPERATIONS BEGIN

Swoop On Republican Men And Buildings

BATAVIA, July 20. (Reuter). "Preliminary" operations by the Dutch Forces in Indonesia began at 10-00 p.m. Java times to-night. Dutch police began a general swoop on all Republican-held public utility buildings and rounding up of suspected persons in Batavia, Antara, the Republican News Agency, said.

Indonesian Radio Station Seized

A.P.A. adds: Dutch soldiers to-day seized the Indonesian radio station.

Steel helmeted Dutch soldiers broke into the Republican radio at Batavia and held up three news correspondents at rifle point until a major asked that they be allowed to leave.

The Indonesian manager and other Indonesians were ordered to raise their hands over their heads. They were taken away under guard.

"New Era In India's History"

CONGRESS PROGRAMME FOR CELEBRATIONS OF AUG. 15

Working Committee On World Significance Of British Withdrawal

SYMPATHY FOR BURMA IN HER LOSS OF CHOSEN LEADERS

NEW DELHI, July 20 (API): The Congress Working Committee concluded its current session after a three-hour meeting this afternoon.

The Committee passed a resolution expressing deep grief at the murder of General Aung San and his colleagues.

In another resolution, the Committee advise that August 15 should be celebrated in a fitting and solemn manner and setting forth the programme for the observance of the day.

All the Provincial Premiers who are in New Delhi in connection with the Constituent Assembly attended the meeting today.

TERRIBLE BLOW TO BURMA

Following are the text of resolutions:—

The resolution on Burma says:—The Working Committee have learnt with deep grief of the murder of General U Aung San and, his colleagues in the Interim Government of Burma. General Aung San had led his people with courage and sagacity during a period of extreme difficulty to the verge of independence. Beloved of his people, his death at this critical moment is a terrible blow to Burma and a heavy loss to Asia. To the people of Burma, the Committee extend their deepest sympathy at this disaster that has befallen them.

This cold-blooded and calculated murder of Burma's chosen leaders is symptomatic of the spirit of gangsterism that has spread and poisoned public life and even social work. Freedom can neither be won retained through these methods and only degradation, chaos, and the ending of all standards that give value to life can result from them".

The resolution on celebrations on August 15 said:—The Working Committee welcome the ending of foreign domination in India and the dawn of freedom for which her people have laboured and suffered for generations, that freedom has come in a manner which does not bring full joy with it for it is accompanied by the accession of some parts of the country and the breaking up of the living unity of India which nature, history and tradition had fashioned, and which was firmly tied up with the ideal of freedom. The Committee believe that the destiny of India will yet be realised and that, when passions have cooled, a new and stronger unity based on goodwill and co-operation will emerge.

OF WORLD SIGNIFICANCE

The Committee realise fully that the ending of British rule in India is an event of Historic and world significance which opens the doors of freedom and opportunity to our people and which will have far-reaching consequences in national and international affairs. To India, it brings substantial attainment of her objective and the freedom to advance according to the wishes of her people.

The Committee is of opinion that this event should be fittingly and solemnly celebrated all over the country. With this object in view the Committee advises that on the 15th August.

(1) A public holiday should be proclaimed.

(2) The National Flag should be hoisted on public and private buildings.

(3) Meetings should be held in the afternoon explaining the significance of the occasion and reading out a statement which will be subsequently communicated.

(4) The people should dedicate themselves anew to the National cause, and more particularly to the freedom and progress of the backward classes and the common man.

NEW ERA

August 15th ends an era and begins another. The Committee calls upon the people to begin this new era in India's history with courage, discipline and confidence and with the determination to extend full freedom and opportunity to every citizen to whatever religion or class he or she may belong".

Forward Bloc To Boycott Aug. 15 Celebrations

CAWNPORE, July 20. (API): Mr. Sheel Bhadra Yajee, General Secretary of the Forward Bloc, in a statement announces that the Forward Bloc is going to boycott 15th August celebration because "they are likely to lead the people into illusory hopes of freedom and happiness."

"Dominion Status in a dismembered India cannot be an object of rejoicing for people," he says.

A CASE FOR ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION

CLEVELAND, OHIO, July 16, (A.P.A.): Children born through artificial insemination will provide married couples with more lasting happiness than would adopted youngsters, says Dr. Alan F. Guttmacher of Baltimore.

He termed it inexcusable that some authorities regarded the practice as illegal or adultery. He insisted he was not trying to persuade anyone that artificial insemination is a solution to sterility, but declared that he himself was convinced it was preferable to adoption.

Dr. Guttmacher, an Associate Professor of Obstetrics at John Hopkins University, Baltimore, said that since January 1946, he had used this method on 33 cases, 16 of them successfully. In all cases, he said, a donor unknown to the patient or her husband and who has a high standard of intelligence and similar physical characteristics to the husband is selected.

FRENCH OPPOSITION TO INCREASING GERMANY'S INDUSTRIAL LEVEL

WASHINGTON, July 18, (U.P.A.): The French Ambassador, Henri Bonnet, notified the State Department today that France still oppose increasing Germany's level of industry as contemplated by the United States and Britain.

Bonnet delivered what he described as a "demarche" to Under Secretary of State Robert Lovett, reiterating the long-standing French opposition to the rebuilding of German industry. His visit came in the midst of the Anglo-American negotiations for doubling Germany's allowable steel production with appropriate safeguards against the revival of German militarism.

NORWEGIAN SCIENTISTS COMPLETE 3,500 MILES SEA JOURNEY IN BAMBOO RAFT

LIMA, Peru July 18, (U.P.A.): Six Norwegian scientists, sailing a balsa wood and bamboo raft, successfully completed 3,500 miles of the South Pacific by reaching Marquezas Islands, radio reports said today.

Headed by Thor Heyerdahl, 33-year-old ethnologist and archaeologist, the expedition was designed chiefly to prove his theory that the South Sea Islands was populated originally by prehistoric South American peoples who crossed the Pacific on rafts similar to Heyerdahl's.

R

Abdul Hamid of Motilal Narayan's Chawl, Wodehouse Road, Colaba, was convicted and sentenced to one month and three weeks' simple imprisonment for selling bread without coupons, profiteering in the same and non-display of the price-list.

4 DIE IN LAHORE BOMB EXPLOSION

Viceroy Visits Riots Affected Areas

LAHORE, July 20. (A.P.I.): Four persons were killed and 14 others injured in a bomb explosion which occurred this morning in Baghbanpura, a suburb of Lahore. This was followed by four fatal cases of stabbing and three cases of arson in the same locality midday.

Enquiries made on the spot show that two bombs were thrown in the vegetable market in Baghbanpura, where a number of people had collected this morning. The explosions resulted in three persons being killed on the spot, while another died on the way to hospital. Fourteen other persons were injured. Two persons were seen boarding a car immediately after the incident, which sped towards the city.

The Inspector-General of Police, Sir J. M. T. Bennet, Mr. Eustace, District Magistrate and Sheikh Ghulam Ahmed, Cantonment Magistrate, reached the spot immediately and started investigations.

Lady Mountbatten, who visited Mayo Hospital this morning, had a word of cheer for each of the victims.

Soon after the explosions, one person was fatally stabbed near Shalimar Gardens. Two other persons were attacked on Weightman Road near Baghbanpura. Both of them were killed on the spot. Another person was fatally assaulted in Singhpura near Baghbanpura. Later three houses were set on fire in the locality.

British troops and police reinforcements arrived on the spot and restored order.

The car in which two persons were seen escaping has been traced and detained. A police constable has also been detained and investigations are in progress.

VICEROY VISITS DAMAGED AREAS

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Viscountess Mountbatten of Burma who arrived in Lahore this morning went through a crowded programme. Their Excellencies accompanied by the Governor of the Punjab, Sir Evan Jenkins and other civil and military officers, visited damaged areas in the city and walked through several of the worst affected quarters.

Mr. Ghaznafar Ali Khan, Home Member-designate in the Provisional Government of Pakistan, today accompanied by the City Magistrate, Mr. Zakir Qureshi, visited the fire-consumed areas of Lahore. Later, Mr. Ghaznafar Ali Khan held prolonged talks with the Punjab Muslim leaders. He will leave for Delhi tonight.

MORE PUBLIC SAFETY ACT ARRESTS

AHMEDABAD, July 20 (A.P.I.): Mr. Hussein Ahmed Pirbhai Malik, President of the Rajpur Primarl Muslim League, was arrested last night under Bombay Public Security Measures Act.

WRONG APPROACH TO PARTITION

Ambedkar Warns Of Disastrous Results If Issue Is Not Treated On All-India Basis

NEW DELHI, July 20, (A. P. I.): Dr. B. R. Ambedkar in a statement today said that the partition of the Punjab and Bengal was not a local problem to be left to the people of these two provinces, but an All-India problem "for it involves the fixation of the frontiers of Pakistan and India and must be determined primarily by considerations of facility of defence and administration".

Dr. Ambedkar said, "From the reports of contraversies going on in the newspapers regarding the fixation of the boundary line between the West Punjab and the East Punjab and between West Bengal and East Bengal and of the gists of the memoranda submitted to the Boundary Commission by the Muslims and non-Muslims, it becomes clear that the results of the Boundary Commission may be disastrous to the country.

NO MERE LAND GRABBING.

In the first place, the problem is treated as though it was a local problem, to be left to the people of the Punjab and Bengal to fight among themselves. In the second place, the problem is regarded by the local people as one of land grabbing.

Both these methods of approach are, to my mind wrong and misleading. The shifting of notional boundaries with reference to enclaves could have been justified if it was accepted that Pakistan and Hindustan should be homogeneous states. This has, however, not been the basis of partition.

Secondly, the problem would have been local, if Pakistan and India were not two sovereign independent states. The fact, however, is that they are; and each will have to defend itself against encroachment or invasion should an occasion arise.

PROPER PARTIES.

In the light of these considerations, the Government of Pakistan and that of India would not only be the proper parties before the Boundary Commission but they will be the necessary parties. The boundaries between Pakistan and India being the frontiers of India, it was for the Defence Department of the Government of India to have insisted that the Boundary Commissions should have military officers as assessors, which is always done in the settlement of frontiers between two states.

The danger is that the frontiers between Pakistan and India that are likely to emerge from the labours of the Boundary Commission, however satisfactory they may be from the standpoint of the communities immediately affected, will be most unsatisfactory from the point of view of India.

If my fears come true and the boundary drawn by the Commission is not a natural one, it needs no prophet to say that its maintenance will cost the Government of India very dearly and it will put the safety and security of the people of India in great jeopardy. I hope, therefore, that late as it is, the Defence Department will bestir itself and do its duty before it too late."

SIND UNIVERSITY

Assurances To Minorities

A Press Note issued by the Registrar of the Sind University, states:—The general public are still unaware of the resolutions passed by the Sind University Senate at its first meeting held on the 24th June, 1947. Consequently some misconceptions are still current about the working of the University with reference to the interests of the minorities in Sind.

Apart from the assurance given by His Excellency the Chancellor in his inaugural address that amendments to the Sind University Act emanating from the Senate will receive the fullest consideration by Government and the spirit of good will which prevailed at the first meeting of the Senate all of which, unaccountably, has been suppressed by the press, the following Statutes were passed. These Statutes make it more than clear that the interests of the minorities have already been effectively safeguarded, and that the most important demands put forward by several Hindu groups have already been implemented.

Statute No. 4 (Faculties)

In the Faculty of Islamic and other Religious Studies there shall be the following two boards of studies:—

(1) Islamic Religious Studies.

(2) Hindu Religious Studies.

This separation makes it possible for Hindus to plan and devise their own religious studies.

SENATE'S HOPES.

1. The Senate shall constitute the following three Boards:—

(a) The Hindu Advisory Board.

(b) The Christian Advisory Board and

(c) The Parsee Advisory Board.

2. The number of members of each Board shall not be less than three nor more than five.

3. The members of the Hindu Advisory Board shall be elected by the Hindu Fellows of the University from amongst themselves.

4. The members of

(a) The Christian Advisory Board and

(b) The Parsee Advisory Board shall be the Christians and the Parsee Fellows of the University with the right to co-opt.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously::—

1. "This meeting of the Senate of the University of Sind regrets that certain sections of the public in Sind are still carrying on a propaganda for non-co-operation with the University of Sind. In view of the misunderstandings that still exist in the minds of certain persons the Senate take this opportunity to assure the minorities of this province that all their religious, cultural and educational interests will be fully safeguarded, and that it will always act in a spirit of fairness and justice to all communities castes and creeds. The Senate hopes that every one will now forget all past controversies and extend his full co-operation in making the working of this University a real success."

2. "This meeting of the Senate of the University of Sind appreciates the message of good wishes sent by the Chancellor of the University of Bombay and hopes that the University of Bombay will extend its full co-operation to this University in all matters concerning its welfare."

SIKHS AGAINST PARTITION PLAN'

Akali Dal President Pleads For Justice And Equity

LAHORE, July 19. (A.P.I.): Giani Kartar Singh, President of the Shromani Akali Dal and Member of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly in an interview declared to-night "It is entirely wrong and against facts that the Sikhs have also accepted the June 3 Plan in an unquestionable manner. The Sikhs have not accepted the Plan as such. The Sikh position is that they do not agree to a partition that does not maintain the solidarity of their population in the East Punjab and does not consolidate their shrines in the East Punjab. This fact is sufficiently borne out in the letter of Sardar Baldev Singh even, which he addressed to the Viceroy on June 2. I have requested Sardar Baldev Singh to release his letter for publication and I am sure it will be before the public shortly.

"The Boundary Commission has begun its work in accordance with the June 3 Plan. It will have to face conflicting view points, but it is expected that it will decide all matters on the basis of justice and equity. It certainly cannot overlook those colony and other areas which have been developed with the sweat, labour and toil of the Sikhs at a time when others refused to do so.

The Britishers have yet a part to play, and I hope this time they will play it fair. Sikhs ask for this only that their integrity and solidarity should be maintained and the sacred shrines saved from Pakistan. This will be the last time in the history of Anglo-Sikh relations when the British will have to play a role. Should the Sikhs expect that it will be fairly played? It will be for Sir Cyril Radcliffe to reply.

51 MEMORANDA FROM ORAGANISATIONS

LAHORE, July 18. (A.P.I.): Fifty-one memoranda on behalf of major and minor political organisations and associations besides over 200 memoranda on behalf of individuals were received by the Punjab Boundary Commission by 4-30 p.m. today, according to the decision of the Commission memoranda from individuals will not be considered.

Out of the total of 51 memoranda 18 have been submitted on behalf of Muslim organisations, ten by Hindu organisations, nine by Sikhs, seven by Christians and seven by Scheduled Castes.

The Secretary of the Punjab Hindu Mahasabha in a letter to the Commission recognised the Punjab Congress memorandum as representing the view point of the Hindu Mahasabha.

The Commission will start hearing the respective claims of the parties at 10 a.m. on July 21 at the Lahore High Court. The proceedings shall be open to the public but entry shall be restricted by passes of which only 70 have been issued, 50 to the public and 20 to the Press.

Dr. Gokul Chand Narang will argue the case on behalf of the Arya Samaj.

SARDAR HARNAM SINGH'S PLEA.

LAHORE, July 19. (A.P.I.): Strong plea for making the river Chinab as the boundary between the West Punjab and the East Punjab, was made at a press conference to-day by Sardar Harnam Singh who is placing the Sikh point of view before the Punjab Boundary Commission.

Among others present at the Conference were Master Tara Singh, and Sardar Swaran Singh.

Sardar Harnam Singh said: "Sikhs will claim the Districts of Gurdaspur, Amritsar and Lahore as single economic unit irrigated by the upper Bari Doab Canal and with non-Muslim majority. The considerations of property, history, religion and culture would support the claim.

"The population and property, he continued, "would also be basis of their claim to a large area of Lyallpur and the odjoining part of Sheikhpura District in which lies Nankana Sahib, the birthplace of the founder of Sikhism. Historical and cultural associations and property will support their claim on the District extending to Chenab."

HINDU SABHA SUPPORTS CONGRESS MEMORANDUM.

At an emergent meeting of the Punjab Provincial Hindu Sabha held under the Presidentship of Bhai Paramanand it was resolved that the memorandum submitted by the Indian National Congress to the Punjab Boundary Commission be adopted and the lawyers engaged by the Congress may be requested to represent the Sabha case before the Commission at the time of argument.

LEAGUE DEPUTATION MEETS FRONTIER GOVERNOR

PESHAWAR, July 20, (API): A deputation of five Muslim League leaders met the Frontier Governor today. The deputation consisted of Khan Samin Jan Khan, President of the Provincial Muslim League, Khan Abdul Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, leader of Opposition in the Frontier Assembly, Khan Mohd Ali Khan, Secretary Provincial Muslim League, Khan Habib Ullahkhan, Secretary Frontier Muslim League Parliamentary Party, and Khan Ghulam Mond Khan. The deputation is reported to have apprised the Governor of the situation in the Province.

Three of the five members of the deputation are scheduled to leave for Delhi tomorrow, July 21, where they will meet Mr. Jinnah and inform him of the latest developments in the province.

ABDEL KRIM IN CAIRO

CAIRO, July 19, (A.P.A.): Abdel Krim, former Riff chieftain who took sanctuary in Egypt while he was on the way from exile to France, arrived in Cairo from Alexandria last night after his discharge from the hospital where he has been staying since his arrival in Egypt.

He made a formal call at the Abdin Royal palace and signed the visitors' book.

Abdel Krim is staying, with 40 members of his family, at a private house in Cairo.

SURVIVOR'S ACCOUNT OF OUTRAGE

Youth Leader's Miraculous Escape

RANGOON, July 20. (Reuter): Eye Witnesses of the murder of the seven members of the Burmese Executive Council describing the attack to-day said "it was as if lightning had struck all of us".

The Council has just begun its session at the Rangoon Secretariat yesterday morning when four gunmen in military uniform forced open the door of the Council Chamber and rained volleys of sten gun fire on the assembled ministers.

"In the twinkling of an eye the Council Chamber became a slaughter house", one of the survivors said.

There was a pool of blood with dead and dying men lying all over the place.

"I fainted away and awoke in hospital. I still cannot believe I am alive" he said.

U. Aung San, Deputy Chairman of the Council, did not regain consciousness after the collapsed on the floor from his chair, and some survivors said he died on the spot.

His body was the first to be removed to hospital. Five other ministers died in hospital.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

U Ba Gyan, Burmese Youth Leader and Member for Rehabilitation in the Executive Council, who miraculously escaped assassination said: "I really cannot remember all that happened in those two fateful minutes".

Looking tired when he was released from hospital, U Ba Gyan said he had the presence of mind to lie prostrate on the floor when the assassins started "the fireworks" and he suffered only slight injury.

"It was an incredible but unforgettable experience" he said: "I do not think I could even recognise the assassins if I see them again. All I can remember—and I shudder to think of it—is a pool of blood with bullet ridden bodies of my beloved comrades strewn all ove rthe place".

WHO'S WHO AMONG THE VICTIMS

LONDON, July 19 (Reuter): U Aung San, assassinated by gunmen who broke into the Burmese Executive Council session to-day, was Burma's strong man.

Leader of the powerful anti-Fascist People's Freedom League, he was 32 years old and known to most Burmese as "the man who liberated his country."

Aung San fought for the Japanese in 1942. Later, disillusioned with the Japanese, he fought for Britain against Japan as a leader of the Burmese resistance.

Of middle class Burmese stock, he was born near Yenanyaung, Central Burma oil town, where he went to high school.

LEADER OF STUDENTS

Aung San went to Rangoon University in 1933 and was one of the leaders of the students strike there in 1936, becoming the founder and President of the Rangoon Students' Union. He afterwards studied law but gave it up to devote himself to politics.

He organised countrywide strikes which paralysed the administration in September last year, defying the British army of occupation.

In the face of chaotic conditions brought on by the strike, the Government called in U Aung San and agreed to reorganize the Government.

Later the Communists denounced him as a "tool of British imperialism" and "betrayer of the working class."

THAKIN MYA

Forty-year old Thakin Mya, the Finance Member, was one of the outstanding leaders of the A.F.P.F.L. With his chief Aung San, he was one of the Burmese Delegation which came to London last January to sign an agreement with the British for the self-Government of Burma. He was President of the Burmese Socialist Party.

ABDUL RAZAK

Mr. Abdul Razak, a Burma Muslim from Mandalay and a constituent supporter of the A.F.P.F.L., joined the Executive Council as Education Minister when it was reorganised after the delegation's return from London. He was Chairman of the National Planning Board set up to prepare a detailed plan for Burma.

U BA WIN

U Ba Win, elder brother of U Aung San, was a former Mayor of Rangoon.

For many years he was a school master in the Yenangyawng area. He became Minister for Commerce and Supplies a short time ago.

MAHN BA KHAING

Mahn Ba Khaing was Akaren leader who had been associated with the A.F.P.F.L. He joined the Burma Executive Council last October.

OHN MAUNG

Ohn Maung, Deputy Secretary in the Transport Department, was a member of the Burma Civil Service.

U Ba Choe, leading Burmese journalist and President of the Burma Press Union, has supported the A. F. P. F. L. from the beginning. He became Minister for Information early this year.

The Sawbwa of Mong Pawn was appointed Counsellor for the Frontier area after the successful Frontier Areas Conference earlier this year.

HINDI NATIONAL LANGUAGE

NEW DELHI, July 18, (API): Congress Party members of the Constituent Assembly, who decided yesterday that Hindi in Devnagri script should be the national language of India, will seek to get this incorporated in the provincial and Union constitution by sponsoring a resolution when the relevant clause comes up for discussion.

A committee consisting of the following 20 members has been appointed to frame a resolution on the subject:—

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon, Mr. Balakrishna Sharma, Mr. P. D. Khaitan, Mr Satyanarain Sinha, Pandit R. S. Shukla, Pandit G. B. Pant, Sir Gopalaswami Aiyangar, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Seth Govind Das, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Mr. Ramalingham Chettiyar, Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Mr Jai Narayan Vyas, Pandit Shri Krishna Dutt Paliwal and Mr. R. V. Dhulekar.

U. Saw Arrested After "Pitched Battle"

(Continued From Page 1)

murders as a "diabolical outrage".

Communists, whose party was earlier reported to be on the verge of an agreement with the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League, took part in the mourning and staged a demonstration of sympathy.

The Communist Party, headed by Thakin Tan Tun, brother-in-law of Aung San, was expelled from the A.F.P.F.L. in November, last year, and has since then agitated against Aung San's policy.

Thakin Tan Tun today denounced "political terrorism and treachey" and confirmed reports of a possible 'rapprochement' between Communists and the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League.

"WIPE OUT THE REAL ENEMY"

Thakin Tan Tun added "negotiations are going very smoothly. I am sure at this time we have to get together." His party, meanwhile, blamed "British bureaucrats and their hirelings" for yesterday's assassinations.

A Manifesto signed by Thakin Tan Tun declared "it is time the Burmese people recognised their real enemy—British bureaucrats and their hirelings, whose machinations cost them the lives of Aung San and other Burmese patriots. The British obviously know they could not continue the stranglehold of Burma as long as these men guided the country's destiny".

Appealing for National unity, the Manifesto urged the Burmese people to join forces "to wipe out the real enemy".

"Rifles, Sten-Gun & Jeep Found In Compound"

RANGOON, July 20, (Reuter): When the Inspector-General of Police with a strong party of armed police went to the residence of U. Saw to arrest him, U. Saw's followers opened fire from the bungalow on the police who returned the fire.

In the action that followed three members of U. Saw's party were killed. U. Saw was then arrested and taken under a strong military guard to the Rangoon prison.

It was reported today that two ministers who were wounded in the shooting yesterday died in hospital today.

It was reported that some rifles and a sten-gun were found in the course of the raid and also that there was a jeep in the compound.

"A GHOST CITY"

With streets empty, lights off, troops and police guarding all strategic centres and fear lurking everywhere, Rangoon last night looked like a city under martial law, reminiscent of the worst days of the Japanese occupation, says M. Sivaram, Reuter's correspondent in Rangoon, in a despatch sent by air courier today.

The despatch adds: The night's curfew lifted at 5 P.M. but even at 7 o'clock this morning Rangoon appeared to be a ghost city. Markets were closed, street traffic was meagre, tension was evident on all sides. No untoward incident, however, occurred during the night.

At the residence of U Aung San, relatives and friends kept a night-long vigil over the bullet-ridden body of the late leader. The bodies of the other ministers were kept last night at the mortuary of the General Hospital.

More arrests by the police were reported this morning.

There are persistent rumours of trouble in the districts—the Delta area of Tharawaddy and Yamethin. In some places it is reported that police and officials have joined the "rebel" party.

"Govt. Prepared To Meet Any Eventuality"

RANGOON, July 20 (Reuter): Burmese political observers consider that Burma is in for a spell of trouble and grave dislocation, cables M. Sivaram, Reuter's correspondent.

They predict that reconstruction of this war-ravaged country has been made difficult by the assassination of the top Government leaders, who had put down lawlessness in the districts with a firm hand.

The murder of the Government members also constituted a heavy burden on Burmese Governor, Sir Hubert Ranve, and probably on the British and Allied Forces stationed in Burma, observers commented.

Political opponents of the Anti-Fascist Freedom League have talked recently of the "coming armed struggle" and "revolt of the people against A.F.P.F.L. reactionaries."

But nothing so sudden or sensational was expected since Government members have declared that the Government is prepared to "meet any eventuality."

One member of thhe Cabinet told Reuter's correspondent a day before the incident that the Government was prepared to face any subversive action of "the disgruntled elements who have failed in all their constitutional attempts" to dislodge the Anti-Fascist Freedom League from power.

Communists Behind It?

LONDON, July 19. (U.P.A.): Burmese political sources in London said to-day they believed the Communists had assassinated U Aung San and five other Burmese leaders in Rangoon.

The source said, "We are convinced that Communists were behind the assassination because Aung San recently ruled that a large section of the Communist Party was unlawful." It was pointed out that besides the Communists, the only political opponents of Aung San, consisted of a faction of his Freedom bloc—this action of Burmese extreme nationalists were opposed to Aung San because of his recent concessions to British requests. U Tin Tut, newly-appointed Burmese High Commissioner-Designate to London, said, "It is very distressing news," and added that he had received a message of condolence from King George, to relay to Rangoon.

JINNAH'S CONDOLENCES

NEW DELHI, July 20, (API): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Governor-General-Designate of Pakistan in a statement today deeply regretting the assassination of the members of the Burmese Executive Council stated:

"I was terribly shocked and deeply grieved to hear the news of the shooting of Burma Ministers. In these days, it is within the reach of the people to achieve anything they like for their country by peaceful methods. No power can resist the unmistakable will of an organised people and I am sure that gangsterism cannot have any support or sympathy of the people of Burma. I mourn for those who have died and deeply and sincerely sympathise for their families and with those who have been faced with the tragedy and as one of the free and independent nations the people of Burma will mark their disapproval of their methods which are opposed to the interests of a civilised and great nation in the management of their own internal affairs."

CONSEMBLY CONGRESS MEMBERS' SYMPATHY

NEW DELHI, July 20, (UPI): A resolution expressing deep sorrow at the murder of the Burmese leaders, was adopted at a meeting of Congress members of the Constituent Assembly held this morning.

It is understood Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will move a similar resolution in the Constituent Assembly tomorrow.

The resolution says: "This meeting of Congress members of the Constituent Assembly of India is shocked and grieved at the murder of Sri Aung San and his colleagues in the Burma Government, and expresses its abhorrence of the crime and its deep sympathy with the Burmese Nation and with the families of the deceased leaders".

NEW EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

LONDON, July 20, (Reuter): The Burma office announced tonight that the Governor of Burma has reconstituted the Executive Council to include:—

Thakin Nu—Deputy Chairman and Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Bo Let Yar — Minister for Defence. U. Mya (Pyawbwe) — Finance and Revenue Minister. U. Kyaw Nyein — Home Minister. U. Mya (Henzeda) — Commerce and Supplies Minister. U. Win — Industry and Labour Minister. Thakin Tin—Minister for Agriculture and Rural Economy. Bo Po Kun Ga — Education Minister. U. Aung Zan Wai — Minister for Social Services. Thakin Lun Daw — Information Minister. U. By Gyan — Minister for Public Works and Rehabilitation. U. San Po Thin —Minister for Transport and Communications. U. Po Kin and U. Tin Tut.

The new members of the Executive Council, except Bo Let Yar and a Karen member still to be appointed were sworn in this morning, the Burma Office added.

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Under the Essential Articles Restricted Acquisition and Possession Order you cannot possess without a license more than the "normal quantity" of any of the rationed foodgrains to which that Order applies i.e. Wheat or Wheat products, Rice, Jowar, Bajri or Barley.

"Normal quantity" means four weeks' total ration. At the present rate it means four times 3 1/8 Bombay seers per adult i.e. 3 1/8 pailies per adult and half this per child below six. (One paili of grain weighs approximately 6 1/2 lbs, i.e. 3 1/8 pailies will be a little over 20 lbs.)

"Normal quantity" is allowed in respect of EACH foodgrain i.e. per adult 3 1/8 pailies of rice, 3 1/8 pailies of wheat, 3 1/8 pailies of jowar, etc. For instance, a family consisting of two adults and one child can keep without a licence on the above basis not more man 7 13/16 pailies of each of the rationed foodgrains.

If you have in your possession in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District any grain in excess of the quantity allowed on the above basis, you must obtain a licence for its possession from the Ward Rationing Office in which you reside. The licence will be given on application and on cancellation of appropriate number of coupons on your ration cards.

Please note that you cannot also purchase any foodgrain if thereby the total quantity of that foodgrain will exceed the normal quantity.

LAST DATE FOR RECEIVING APPLICATIONS FOR LICENCES HAS BEEN EXTENDED TO 28TH JULY 1947.

Berar Ready To Face Any Situation

Biyani Confident Of Support From Central Govt. If Nizam Seeks To Occupy Province By Force

NEW DELHI, July 19 (API).—Declaring that the people of Berar, would vote solidly in favour of termination of the Nizam's sovereignty in any shape or form, Mr. Brijlal Biyani, Berar Congress leader and President of the Free Berar Committee said at press conference here today that in the event of a conflict on this issue becoming inevitable, he was confident that the Central Government of India would stand by the people of Berar.

READY TO FACE REFERENDUM

Mr. Biyani stated that the people of Berar were ready to face a referendum on the issue immediately.

Asked what they would do if the Nizam sought to occupy Berar by force on or about August 15, Mr. Biyani replied: "I would really like the Nizam to do it because it would free us immediately; but I am sure he will not do it.

Mr. Biyani was confident that if any such situation arose, the Government of India would stand by the people of Berar. The people of Berar were at all events ready to face such a situation—in the only way that an unarmed people could face an armed force. He had heard reports that considerable quantities of arms, money and 'mysterious' people were trickling into Berar during the past few months. The C.P. Government, he added, were taking firm measures to put an end to this.

READY TO MEET MUSLIM UPRISING

IT HAD BEEN SUGGESTED THAT THE MUSLIMS IN BERAR—NUMBERING SOME EIGHT LAKHS OUT OF A TOTAL OF SOME 36 LAKHS OF THE TOTAL POPULATION MIGHT RISE UP AND TAKE POSSESSION OF THE PROVINCE AND ACKNOWLEDGE THE NIZAM'S SUZERAINTY. THE PEOPLE OF BERAR WERE READY, HE STATED, TO FACE THIS CONTINGENCY ALSO.

The Berar Members of the Provincial Assembly had recently met together and passed a resolution demanding that all vestiges of the Nizam's suzerainty should end along with the disappearance of British power from India.

Mr. Biyani said that he had seen reports that some arrangement was likely to be made in regard to Berar under which the Nizam might retain his sovereignty but the Province would be administered by the Central Provinces and the Nizam would join the Indian Union but thought it extremely unlikely that the Central Government would come to any such arrangement.

The question, however, had wider implications. If, for the greater good of the country as a whole, the leaders of the popular Government thought it was necessary to come to any such arrangement, even then, we shall press for our demand. If, it was a question of the people of Berar making sacrifices for the greater good of the country as a whole, no doubt we shall not hesitate to make those sacrifices. But this situation has not arisen so far."

Mr. Biyani recalled that during the last two decades, the Central Government had, on behalf of Berar, paid to the Nizam a sum of over eleven crores of rupees. Not a bit of this had been spent for the good of the people of Berar. On the contrary, this amount had been partially utilised by the Nizam to give jobs to persons who worked against the urges of the people.

NIZAM'S SUZERAINTY MUST END

Answering critics who had suggested that there was nothing wrong in continuing the nominal sovereignty of the Nizam if it did not interfere in the day-to-day administration, Mr. Biyani said the question was one which concerned the political status of Berar as well as the dignity of its people." On the termination of British rule, our brethren in the C.P. and other parts of India shall be proud of the Republic and owe allegiance to none but themselves. If the Nizam's nominal sovereignty continued, the people shall be State subjects and would be required to take the oath of allegiance to the Nizam which will be most humiliating."

TRAVANCORE BAN ON "BLITZ" AND "FORUM"

TRIVANDRUM, July 19 (API): On the ground that they contain pre-Judicial reports, the Government of Travancore has prohibited under the Travancore Emergency Powers Act, the sale or distribution within the State of the journals, the "Forum" and the "Blitz" and declared copies or extracts therefrom to be forfeited to Government.

The State Government has also prohibited the bringing or taking by sea by backwater or by land into or out of Travancore, any copy of the above mentioned journals under the Travancore Sea Customs Act.

India To Present Indonesian Case Before UNO

Mohmmed Hatta's Secret Mission To Nehru And Jinnah?

BATAVIA, July 20 (Reuter).—The Indonesian Republic has asked India to prepare a case to put before the United Nations Security Council on the basis that the situation in Indonesia is a threat to Asian peace, it was learned from a reliable Republican source here today.

From Jogjakarta, the Indonesian Republican capital in Central Java, it was reported that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru Vice-President of the Indian Interim Government, had sent a message to the Republican Government backing completely on his personal responsibility as India's leader, their policy for preserving de facto status of the Republic.

WORK STARTS IN NEW DELHI

The preparation of India's case on Indonesia for the Security Council was understood to have begun in New Delhi after Mr. Mohammed Hatta, the Indonesian Vice-President, flew secretly to New Delhi last week to see Pandit Nehru, according to a reliable report from Fort Dekock in Central Sumatra. Pandit Nehru and Mr. Hatta were fellow students in Europe and are personal friends.

It is understood that Mr. Hatta also saw Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnah, President of the Muslim League.

Mr. Hatta has disclosed that he combined his visit to India with a visit by air to the Rio Archipelago east of Sumatra in the Malacca Strait not far from Singapore.

Republican sources here expressed their belief that India would take the sternest possible measures against Holland if war broke out in Indonesia before the case came before the Security Council.

The Indonesia Government was reported last night to have decided on an urgent appeal to Britain, India, Australia, and the Arab League countries to intervene to prevent a threatened war in Java.

CENTRAL INDIA STATES AND CONSEMBLY

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, (By Mail).

All the 26 States of Central India, who had been allotted 3 seats in the Constituent Assembly had resolved to join the Constituent Assembly in April last, and had actually set up machinery for the election of the members.

But soon after a number of these States broke away from the union under one pretext or anotherd, with the result that only 10 States remained adhering to the original plan. Some 15 States have already declared their intention to join the Bhopal Group, which is declaring independence on August 15. Even these 10 States await the arrival of Mr. R. A. Horton, Indore State's new premier, from London, and after consulting him they will decide their future course of action.

If these 10 States join the Bhopal Group, then the total population of the reconstituted Group will come to about 48,00,000 with an area of 26,918 square miles. The total revenue of this Group of 25 States will be nearly Rs. 3,37,43,000.

INDIAN STATES REPRESENTATIVES MEET

NEW DELHI, July 19, (A.P.I.): Representatives of Indian States in the Constituent Assembly met again informally today at Constitution House, Sir B. L. Mitter presiding, to exchange views on the draft Union Constitution, which will be presented to the House next week.

The meeting appointed a Committee consisting of Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Mr. K. C. Reddy, Mr. Balwant Rai Mehta, Mr. Hiralal Sastri, Mr. Sarangadhar Das, Mr. Ram Sahai, Mr. Nagendra Singh, Mr. Himmat Singh Maheshwari, Khan Bahadur Kothawala and Mr. P. Govinda Menon to examine the amendments tabled by members to various clauses of the Union Constitution and meet Congress leaders in this connection.

It is understood that smaller States will urge expansion of the proposed strength of the Union legislature to enable them to be adequately represented. As contemplated by the Union Constitution Committee, the Council of States (Upper House) will have a maximum strength of about 200 Members (116 for Provinces and 71 for States) and the House of the people (Lower House) a maximum strength of between 300 and 400 members, the composition of the Lower House being purely on a population basis, in the proportion of not less than one representative for every million of the population and not more than one representative for every 750,000 of the population.

Representatives of less developed States also hold the view that their States will not be able to bear the same burden of Federal taxation as the Provinces.

Chattari was sent to Delhi to negotiate a settlement of co-operation and assistance helpful to both the parties concerned. The question of the restitution of Berar and other important matters were also discussed. A State 'communique' says that while appreciating the public concern on the vital questions, the State Government requests the public to refrain from any comment or agitation until the outcome of the actual results of the delicate negotiations. In persuance of recent 'Firman' declaring independence and not to join either of the two Constituent Assemblies but have friendly settlement with both, this is the first attempt on the part of the Hyderabad State to establish friendly relations with the Hindustan Constituent Assembly or with the Dominion of India as a matter of that. While the similar delegation will go on a mission of friendship and goodwill to Karachi, when the Pakistan Dominion comes into existence some time in the month of August.

HYDERABAD AFFAIRS

New Delhi Negotiations

(From A Special Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, Deccan.

After the recent session of the Hyderabad State Congress authorising its Working Committee to launch a struggle for responsible self-government, the political atmosphere of the State breeds suspense. While the leaders of the State Congress are busy chalking out the programme, the opinion of the State Cabinet seems divided as to the line of action it contemplates taking against the eventuality of the threatened struggle. A local press agency announces that most of the State Congress leaders have crossed the State boundaries to avoid imprisonment or with a view to discussing the matter with the Congress High Commands as to the line of the contemplated struggle on which their own mind is undecided yet. Instead of giving a clear call of struggle for responsible self-government they have unwillingly created confusion amongst their own ranks and in the public also by declaring that the people of Hyderabad will duly send their representatives to join the celebrations of the Indian Constituent Assembly. This move has strengthened the hands of the State authorities to adopt measures against the possibility of attempted defiance of the Firman. The Scheduled Classes along with Ittahad-ul-Muslemin have thrown in their entire weight against the State Congress and have rallied round to assure the State Government their co-operation in the maintenance of public peace. This political regrouping is a formidable obstacle against the success of a struggle, if and when it is launched by the State Congress for the attainment of their objective. The Scheduled Classes have met separately and recorded their loyalty to the Asfia throne in recognition of which its president it is reported will be made a Minister. The Ittahad-ul-Muslemin are also expecting one or two more seats in the Cabinet from their rank as well.

Serious reshuffling is contemplated in the Chattari Cabinet, with a view to reorganising it completely. Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, President of the new Legislative Assembly is given back a seat in the Cabinet again. Nawab Zain Yar Jung of the P.W.D. is granted leave preparatory to retirement. His secretary, Nawab Hosh Yar Jung has retired and Moivi Abdul Hameed Khan has taken charge of the office. Mr. Grigson has retired and Nawab Mahmood Yar Jung has assumed charge of the Ministry of Revenue Department. Mr. Savage, Secretary, Revenue Department is retiring soon. Mr. Anderson, Director General of Police Department, is also retiring and both the above posts will be filled by State subjects now. Besides the notorious British Residency, which has played a reactionary role the State politics is to be abolished and the entire British forces residing—the State will evacuate by August 15th.

NEGOTIATIONS.

A State delegation under Nawab

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Exchange Arrangements In Sterling Area To Continue

India To Determine Its Own Needs For Convertibility

LONDON, July 20. (Reuter): Under the new Sterling Convertibility System, effective since last Tuesday, July 15, overseas Sterling payments fall into three main groups, the Sterling Area, the Dollar Area, and the rest of the world, it was authoritatively explained in London today, cables Reuter's financial editor.

BRITAIN TO MEET REQUIREMENTS

The following details were given:

Exchange arrangements in the Sterling area will continue as previously, except that Egypt has left it. Each self-governing country in the Sterling Area, including India, has always determined its own requirements of hard currencies and will now determine its own needs for convertibility. Britain has always met them and will continue to do so. This fulfils both the letter and the spirit of the Anglo-American Loan Agreement.

With India, the British authorities "fully expect a reasonable arrangement" covering the immediate future. It is understood that Iraq also proposes to stay in the Sterling area, whereas Egypt wanted to leave it. The point at issue with India is not of granting India the right to convertibility—she has it already—but to decide the limits within which she shall exercise it from her accumulated Sterling Balance. Except for the "segregation" of India's and Iraq's accumulated Sterling balances, the internal machinery of the Sterling Area continues unchanged.

The Dollar Area, so far as Sterling is concerned, is the area of "American Accounts" to which Chile, Peru and Bolivia were added during the past week. This area comprises the United States and all Latin America except Argentina, Uruguay, Brazil and Paraguay which do considerable trade with Europe and Africa. Sterling in "American Accounts" is automatically convertible into dollars.

AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER COUNTRIES

In the rest of the world, "transferable Sterling" agreements (including those of the past week) have been signed with Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay, Canada and Newfoundland, Belgium, Holland, Portugal, Slovakia, Egypt, Iran and Ethiopia. Agreements are more or less imminent with Russia, France, Denmark and Turkey, and several others are expected among the list of 14 countries for which Washington has extended the deadline until September 15.

Both London and Washington attach importance to making these arrangements 100 per cent world-wide which is Britain's goal, because until every country in the world is willing to accept Sterling from any quarter, neither the United States nor any other country is fully able to spend its Sterling throughout the world. Arrangements already made or in prospect are reckoned to 95 per cent of all Sterling transactions and, considering the state of the world and the limits of human endurance of Britain's negotiators, it is understood that Washington as well as London regards this achievement as satisfactory.

In the small residue of cases where it proves impossible to make arrangements, either through local political conditions or through absence of administrative machinery in the overseas country concerned, Britain will administer convertibility, cases being referred to the British authorities whenever necessary to ensure that any current Sterling shall be spendable for current purposes anywhere in the world. In all the other 95 per cent of cases, the convertibility is exercised by the overseas central banks or monetary authorities without interference from Britain.

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SOCIALISM THROUGH SATYAGRAHA

Gandhiji Says Truth And Ahimsa Must Incarnate In The Creed

AHMEDABAD, July 20 (A. P. I.): Under the caption "Socialism" Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-day's "Harijan" as follows:—

Truth and Ahimsa must incarnate in Socialism. In order that they can, the votary must have a living faith in God. Mere mechanical adherence to Truth and Ahimsa is likely to breakdown at the critical moment. Hence have I said that Truth is God. This God is a living force. Our life is of the force. That force resides in, but is not the body. He who denies the existence of that great force, denies to himself the use of that inexhaustible power and thus remains impotent. He is like a rudderless ship, which, tossed about here and there, perishes without making any headway. The Socialism of such takes them nowhere, what to say of the society in which they live.

If such be the case, does it mean that no Socialist believes in God? If there be any, why have they not made any visible progress? Then again, many godly persons have lived before now: why have they not succeeded in founding a Socialistic State?

It is difficult completely to silence these two doubts. Nevertheless, it is possible to say that it has perhaps never occurred to a believing Socialist that there is any connection between his Socialism and belief in God. It is equally safe to say that godly men as a rule never commended Socialism to the masses.

Superstitions have flourished in the world inspite of godly men and women. In Hinduism itself untouchability has, till of late, held undoubted sway. The fact is that it has always been a matter of the strenuous research to know this great force and its hidden possibilities. My claim is that in the pursuit of that search lies the discovery of satyagraha. It is not, however, claimed that all the laws of satyagraha—have been laid down or found. This I do say, fearlessly and firmly, that every worthy object can be achieved by the use of satyagraha. It is the highest and infallible means and the greatest force. Socialism will not be reached by any other means. Satyagraha can rid society of all evils, political, economic and moral.

CINEMA SHOW IN AID OF EDUCATION OF MUSLIMS

The Muslim Welfare Union, Bandra, organised a cinema show in aid of Education Fund of the Union on last Sunday at New Talkies Bandra, when the picture "Sassi Punnu" was screened. Prof. N. L. Ahmed, Principal of the Ismailia College, Andheri, presided.

During the interval Dr. H. L. Handani gave the account of the activities of the Union. The Union came into existence in 1943 when there were only 450 students in the primary schools in Bandra, Khar and Santa Cruz, but by the efforts of the Union now there are nearly 1,200 students to whom all help as slates, text books and School fees are given. Their efforts from the very beginning were to have a high school in Bombay Suburban District as in Bombay there were only two Muslim schools teaching Urdu and in north and Suburban District there was none. They applied to the Bandra Municipality for a plot of land for the high school but they had turned down the proposal.

The president thanked the members of the Union for giving him an opportunity of meeting them and advised them that a high school in Suburban District was absolutely necessary and they should approach the Government, the Collector and the Educational Department for the said plot and he was sure they would be able to achieve their object of having a high school in Bandra District.

The total collection from the cinema show and donations came to about Rs. 3,000.

PLEA FOR MORE OPEN SPACE

A Bombay Presidency Women's Council's resolution says: 'The Council is strongly of the opinion that every available Open green space in the City should be kept open and should be sacred to the children and citizens of this city. That in the overcrowded parts where stables and slums are demolished, at least half of the land should be kept open as a Maidan to act as lungs for the great city. That wherever possible the Municipality should provide small gardens and other amenities for play thereon and see that these are in a clean and proper condition.

We, therefore, welcome the statement made by Mr. S. K. Patil last week in the Corporation saying that no Memorial Hall will be built on the Espianade Maidan. No halls or theatres, however necessary for the cultural life of the city, should in our opinion be built on any Maidan but the Municipality or the Government should provide other land for the same.

Trade Support Hardens N. Y. Cotton Prices

WALL STREET MARKET STEADY

NEW YORK, July 18.

Cotton opened barely steady 22 points to one point lower with initial softness reflecting overnight accumulation of selling orders with some disappointment on the failure of the Commodity Credit Corporation to enter the market for cotton for shipment to Japan. Strikers' threats in the New England textile industry imparted further check on buying with renewed tendency to emphasise the tight supply outlook and inflationary ideas. Previous to noon the market again countered pressure which brought prices back to 10 points or so but offerings were quickly absorbed. Prices were within a few points of the previous closing levels at noon.

Additional rallies encountered modest profit-taking but towards the close, renewed trade support and week-end covering energised a spirited rally which carried prices to the day's best levels. The recovery was further aided by scarcity of contracts and the market closed firm 11 to 28 points higher. Sales were estimated at 225,000 bales.

The C. C. C. reports that pledges to the current loan up to July 12 totalled 142,000 of which repossessed were 133,000 compared with 216,000 and 158,000 in the corresponding 1945 loan. Sales under the export subsidy were 4,483,000 bales an increase of 4,000.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago grains were weak early on continuation of yesterday's selling movement on the possibility that there may be some change in the Government wheat buying policy and more optimistic maize crop advices. Renewal of commercial demand subsequently checked the downward trend. Mills are reported to be buying wheat in anticipation that September export allocations will be announced in the near future and talk of large eastern chain bakeries inquiring for flour supplies for July and August delivery. Meanwhile C. C. C. officials again stated today that the agency will remain out of the market until prices return to "a reasonable level"

Convicted Of Slavery

Husband's Plea Not To Send Wife To Prison

SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, July 20, (APA): A Federal Court Jury convicted Mrs. Elizabeth Ingalls of slavery in San Diego, but the Jury was dismissed early today after reporting that it had failed to reach a verdict in the case of her husband, Alfred Wesley Ingalls.

Mrs. Ingalls, a descendant of a colonial Governor of Massachusettes, was found guilty of enslaving Dora Jones, a negro maid, over a period of nearly 40 years in violation of United States law.

The Federal attorney did not immediately indicate whether action would be pressed further against Ingalls, a former lawyer and a member of the Massachusettes legislature.

HUSBAND'S PLEA

The verdict against Mrs. Ingalls, after a four weeks' trial, brought a dramatic plea from her husband that she be spared the ignominy of prison pending a decision on the appeal which she announced immediately she would make to the United States circuit court.

Federal Judge Jacob Weinoerger remanded Mrs. Ingalls to the custody of the United States marshal pending a decision on whether she will be confined in the county gaol.

NO WAR IN THIS GENERATION

Bevin's Assurance To British Workers

MORLETH, ENGLAND, July 19, (A.P.A.): British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin reaffirmed today that he saw no danger of a war "in this generation."

Speaking extemporaneously at a coal miners rally in this northern England town, Mr. Bevin declared:

"There is no danger of another war in this generation as far as I can see.

"I feel conscious that wrong decision, wrong Judgement or a petulant word now might condemn the children in 30 or 40 years' time."

"I hope that the United States will never withdraw from Europe again," Mr. Bevin added.

"I sincerely trust that even now differences and suspicions might be removed with Soviet Russia and that we, a powerful nation and the central arch of the bridge in international affairs, will find a way to unite the United States and Russia in a common endeavour for the uplift of humanity as a whole.

The Foreign Secretary obliquely reassured France that it need not be concerned over an agreement reached between British and American officials in Germany to raise the level of production in the Anglo-American zone. France had protested against the decision, which has not been made public.

Speaking of Anglo-American financial relations, Mr. Bevin declared, "you have heard it said that I am trying up to the United States. I do not like being tied up to money lenders at all. I want to get out of dollar borrowing because it is unnatural for them and unnatural for us.

"It is hard negotiating with people to whom you are in debt.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, July 18.

After extending yesterday's setback, prices stiffened somewhat under the leadership of issues wherein favourable corporate news developed, but traders continued to take advantage of the upswing to lighten commitments. Packing shares encountered further support while demand for Chrysler was most evident in motors. Traders were generally satisfied with the orderliness of the recent setback and indicated that any extension of selling on continued small volume would go far towards strengthening the market's technical position. The averages were 18.324 and 48.94.

Prices retreated in the early afternoon with technical factors a motivating force for the modest liquidation. Then a covering movement from the extended week-end developed and resulted in a firmer trend. Activity extended on the recovery with packings, oils, motors, steels and rails in the term. Meanwhile regardless of near direction of prices, some traders foresee increasing selectivity with emphasis from quality issues, which led May-June advance, to the more speculative sections of the list. There were well distributed gains of fractions to one point in final dealings with oils favoured, aided by prospects of a further price increase. For the first time in a fortnight, the volume failed to attain a million shares. The market closed steady.

American Telephone & Telegraph	156-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.	30-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	37-1/4
Chase National Bank	34-5/8
Sinclair Oil	16
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	52-1/4
General Electric Co.	38
General Motors	60-1/4
Ingersol Rand	127
International Nickel	31-1/2
National City Bank or New York	39-5/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	16
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-5/8
Texas Corporation	67
Union Carbon & Carbide	110
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	43-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	74-1/4
Western Union Telegraph	23

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 19.

New York cotton and New Orleans cotton closed today.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, July 19.

July 2.37-3/4 to 2.37-3/4.
September 2.34-1/2 to 2.34-3/4.
December 2.32-1/4 to 2.32-3/4.
May 2.30-1/2 to 2.31-1/4.

CHICAGO, July 19.

Chicago grains after early indecisiveness reflecting uncertainty over the Government's wheat buying policy, prices rallied sharply in private advices from Kansas city that the commodity credit corporation would entertain wheat offers. While a report stated that the agency's buying would be at lower prices than paid several days ago, traders were impressed by the fact that the commodity credit corporation was again in the market.

Railway Pay Classification Committee

MADRAS, July 19, (A.P.I.): The General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation announces that the Pay Classification Committee of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation will meet at New Delhi on July 25.

The General Council of the Federation will meet on August 2 at Delhi.

TWO WORKERS BURIED ALIVE

HYDERABAD, (Deccan) July 18, (A.P.I.): Two workers were buried alive while engaged in digging operations for drainage purposes, it is learnt. It is stated that five men were digging when the earth gave way burying all of them but three were later rescued.

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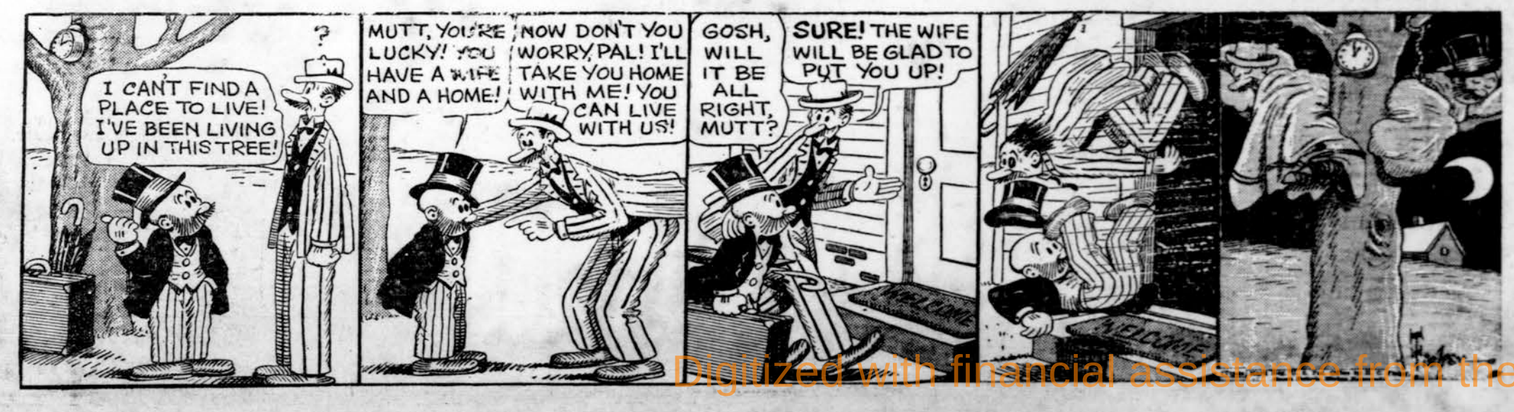
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MATRIMONIAL

A Sikh (shaven) Army Major, Pre-war Regular King's Commissioned Officer, age 28 wants immediate marriage, pretty educated girl. Write Box No. 6379, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Graduate and Undergraduate Teachers of either sex to teach French, Science, Maths, and History and Geography. Trained or qualified preferred. Scale of Pay for Graduates 75-5-125-10-185 for undergraduates 55-4-90-5-110. Benefit of Provident Fund and Dearness Allowance. Apply to Principal Matunga Premier School Matunga G.I.P. 6521

OFFICE PREMISES WANTED

Wanted An Office Premises in the locality of Phirozshah Mehta Road or Hornby Road in exchange with an office premises at Karachi situated in a nice locality. Please correspond Box No. 6503, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions — Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers, Company Secretaries, Accountants and General Commerce, Etc. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (6542)

ISEC Homestudy Courses. Pass recognised examinations in every branch of Engineering, Technology, Commerce, Actuarial, Competitive (Federal) and Cambridge. Success guaranteed under India's ablest Professors. Get your Free "Successful Careers in the India of Tomorrow" (Foreword by Sir M. Visvesvaraya) from Secretary, Post Box 1173|Y, Bombay, 1, mentioning profession interested. (6413)

Free! Free! Free! Free! Prospectus "Engineering Opportunities" shows how You can take advantage of the present demand for qualified Engineers and gives details of Government recognised Examinations, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.E.E., A.M.I. Mech. E., Textile Courses, Public Service Examinations, Senior Cambridge, etc. All courses conducted from Bombay under qualified British supervision. Write for a prospectus Now — Free. B. I. E. T., Department 3|O British Institutes House, Bombay. (4308A)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Chamalkara Chintamani, ancient Grantha on Astrology, English Translation. Best book on Bhava Phala. Pocket size. Rs. 3-8. P. B. Book Depot, Kottayam. (6538)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

Several Villages and small and big areas for Cultivation in purely Hindu Areas in U.P. near Delhi. Excellent chance for Pakistani Hindus to settle down and make new home. For full particulars correspond immediately with Pandit Lakshmi Chand Sharma Lumberdar, Village, Surjaoli, P.O. Saleempur, Distt. Bulandshahr U. 6508

BUSINESS OFFERS

A Simple, clear Caustic Soda Liquid Formula, to manufacture easily upto desired degree, for all chemical manufacturers. Apply Box No. 6510, "Bombay Chronicle."

For your requirement of Fusel Oil, Amyle Alcohol & Absolute Alcohol please write to: Rampur Distillery & Chemical Company Ltd., Rampur (State) U.P. (6545)

A Unique Opportunity—Can Offer for immediate shipment world famous American Virginia Date Products as follows for aerated water factories and syrup manufacturers —Flavouring Extracts, Instant-aids, Essences, Concentrates, Acids and Colours. For Bakers—Flavouring Extracts, Emulsions, Colours, Icings and Fillings. For Hotels and Icecream manufacturers—Flavouring extracts, Colours, Bisques, Emulsions, French Dressing and dressing for salads. Interested parties holding import licences please contact: L. D. Seymour & Co. (India) Ltd. Apollo Burder, Bombay. Tel 36357. Also representing well-known Libby's tinned and bottled provisions, Cocomalt, Golden State Evaporated and Powdered Milk and Red Star Yeast, Kelloggs Cereals and Alka Seltzer Tablets for acidity and gumboils. Bathroom Accessories, Kerosene Lamps, Coffee Miller. (6534)

Blue-Star Diamonds (plated). Permanently very brilliant with rainbow colours like real diamonds. Rs. 1|4 each. Thodus with 14 stones per pair in 1|3 sovereign Rs. 50|-. Agents wanted. Liberal terms. K. S. Iyer, B.A., L.T., Retired Headmaster, Trippunithura, (Cochin State). (6543)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Superior Mango, lichi and other fruit grafts ready. Plantation recommended. Season suitable catalogue free. Green Nursery, Muzaffarpore (B). (6471)

For Sale Carl Zeiss (Jena) Delta-rem 8 X 40 Binoculars at M|S Lawrence & Mayo Ltd., Hornby Rd., Bombay. (6494)

PUBLIC NOTICES

AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT
Bombay Castle, 18th July, 1947

ORDER

BOMBAY ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES AND CATTLE (CONTROL) ACT, 1946

No. 99-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946 (Bom. XXII of 1946), and in supersession of Government Notification in the Civil Supplies Department, No. 45-IV-A, dated the 15th July, 1946, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that no person in charge of an oil mill run on power machinery (i.e., expellers or rotaries or hydraulic presses) holding, whether on his own account or on account of the person owning the mill or on account of or in partnership with any other person, any stocks of groundnut oilcakes in quantities exceeding 25 maunds (of 82 2/7 lbs. each) at any godown or other place of storage within the limits of the Province of Bombay, shall remove from the said godown or place or dispose of the said stocks, or any portion thereof, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted by the Secretary, Agriculture and Rural Development Department.

(2) In the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District, the Additional Director of Civil Supplies (Enforcement), or the Officers authorized by him, and elsewhere, the Revenue Officers of and above the grade of Mamlatdars within their respective jurisdictions may enter and search any premises or seize any articles in respect of which they have reason to believe that a contravention of this Order has been, is being or is about to be committed.

EXPLANATION:—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October, 1945.

By Order of the
Governor of Bombay,
D. N. MAHTA,
Secretary to Government,
Agriculture and Rural
Development Department.

HYDROSULPHITE OF SODA

HYDROSULPHITE OF SODA, in 90% concentration, Manufactured by Rohm & Haas Co., Philadelphia PA, U.S.A.

We can book indents for HYDROSULPHITE OF SODA for shipment before 30th September, 1947. Interested parties holding licences, please contact soon, Post Box No. 256 Bombay. 4453

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT,
Secretariat, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED candidates to apply for posts of cashiers.

SCALE.—Rs. 50-5-2-90, plus Rs. 10 Interim pay, Rs. 26 Dearness Allowance plus Rs. 30 Spl. pay.

MINIMUM QUALIFICATION.—Matriculate with experience in Accounts.

CONDITION.—Security of Rs. 1,000 in cash or in Government Securities at the time of appointment.

Applications may be brought personally or sent so as to reach the undersigned not later than 26th July 1947.

S. M. MOGRE,
Establishment Officer.
(4513)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure Silk and Woollen Cloth order. Terms Liberal and Free. Apply Western Textiles, Ludhiana. (6396)

Wanted Agents or Stockists for selling our Pearl and Horn Buttons apply to: The Chitra Button Factory, Dacca (Bengal). (5845)

Wanted Agents to sell the remaining shares of Messrs. Aryan Paper Mills Ltd., Subscribed Capital of the Company exceeds Rs. 35,00,000. Necessary advance payment for machineries already made. Delivery expected very soon. For full particulars please write to the Head Office at 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. (1682)

AGENCIES WANTED

Calendars all kinds, toys and stationeries Agencies wanted: M. S. Palanisami, Touring Agent, Bhavani, (S.I.) (6545)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Lancashire Boiler Make Yates & Thoms, size 30' x 8½' x 160 lbs. pressure complete with mountings, feed pump, super-heater and economiser available ex stock with the Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay 1. (6512)

For Sale German Longe Loco 120 h.p. high speed portable engine with condenser in perfect working condition Rs. 25,000|- nearest offers considered write for particulars to: Motamarri Seetharamayya & Sons, Vizianagram. (6544)

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Applications are invited by the practising Architects, to join in partnership. Financiers with good terms are also required:—Apply—L. B. Gandhi, Architect 181, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Top Floor, Bombay. 4. 6520

PUBLIC NOTICES

AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT
Bombay Castle, 18th July 1947.

ORDER

Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946.

No. 99-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946 (Bom. XXII of 1946), and in supersession of Government Notification in the Civil Supplies Department, No. 45 (g)-IV-A, dated the 15th July 1946, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that every person in charge of an oil mill run on power machinery (i.e. expellers, rotaries and hydraulic presses) shall, on every Monday beginning with 21st July, 1947, furnish.

(i) if such stocks are held in the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District, to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, and

(ii) if such stocks are held elsewhere, to the District Magistrate of the District in which such stocks are held, a full and correct statement in the form appended hereto of the stocks of groundnut oilcakes held by him, whether on his own account or on account of any person owning the mill or on account of or in partnership with any other person, on the Saturday immediately preceding such Monday, if such stocks amount to 25 maunds (of 82 2/7 lbs. each) or more. Copies of such statements shall also be sent as soon as may be to the Secretary to Government, Agriculture and Rural Development Department.

(2) In the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District, the Additional Director of Civil Supplies (Enforcement) or the officers authorized by him, and elsewhere, the Revenue Officers of and above the grade of Malatdars within their respective jurisdictions may enter and search any premises or seize any articles in respect of which they have reason to believe that a contravention of this Order has been, is being or is about to be committed.

EXPLANATION:—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945.

By order of the
Governor of Bombay.
D. N. MAHTA,
Secretary to Government,
Agriculture and Rural
Development Department.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE RETURN OF THE GROUNDNUT CAKE FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE

Serial No.	Name of the Oil Mill	Taluka District and Division	Last week's Balance Tons	Cwts.	Production During the week Tons.	Cwts.	Total of Columns 4 and 5 Tons.	Cwts.	QUANTITY FOR WHICH PERMITS WERE ISSUED: As stated in column No. 12 of the last report.	Permitted during the week	Total of column 7 and 8
1	2	3	4		5		6		7	8	9

Actual Quantity delivered: Permit No.	Quantity	Quantity yet to be delivered.	Quantity available for release, i.e., difference of columns 14 and 12 Tons.	Cwts.	Actual stock with the Mill at the end i.e., difference of Columns 6 and 11 Tons.	Cwts.	Remarks.
10	11	12	13		14		15

Warning Notice

INFRINGEMENT OF TRADE MARK

Vaseline

The Chesebrough Manufacturing Company Consolidated, 17 State Street, New York City, New York, are the sole owners of the trade mark "Vaseline," which was registered in British India under the Trade Marks Act of 1940 and have the exclusive trade mark rights to the use of this word with respect to their various products. Among the products manufactured by that company and distinguished by its trade mark "Vaseline" are petroleum jelly, pomade, hair tonic, etc.

Either the refilling of "Vaseline" Hair Tonic bottles with any product and labeling of same as "Vaseline" Hair Tonic and/or the dealing in, offering for sale, or selling of any products labeled with the trade mark "Vaseline," which are not the products of the Chesebrough Manufacturing Company Consolidated, is infringement of the trade mark rights of the Chesebrough Manufacturing Company Consolidated and every person guilty of such infringement is liable to prosecution according to law.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., CONS'D
NEW YORK, N.Y., U.S.A.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

GOVERNMENT MILK PLAN CONSTRUCTIONS, BOMBAY.

SEALED TENDERS in B-2 Form (item rate) are invited for the construction of Goregaon-Are Road. Estimated cost is Rs. 86,491. Copies of Tender form, Specification and Schedule of quantities can be obtained from the Office of the Milk Commissioner, (Milk Plan Construction Branch), Bombay, on payment of Rs. 5|- per copy.

Plans, etc., can be inspected during office hours on any working day. Tender forms will be issued as mentioned above upto 4th August 1947 (1 P.M.) S.T. and sealed Tenders will be received upto 4th August, 1947, (3 P.M.) S.T.) and opened on the same day at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

Earnest Money Chalan of value Rs. 865|- must accompany the Tender.

V. V. KALE,
Executive Engineer (Milk Plan Construction Division).
Office of the Milk
Commissioner,
Wellington Cinema Building,
Dhobi Talao, Bombay.
19-7-47. (4517)

ROYAL WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB, LTD.

POONA RACING SEASON
1946/47

SEASON TICKETS will be sold on payment at the Turf Club Office, Mahaluxmi, on week days between 10-00 A.M. and 3-00 P.M. from 28th July, 1947, onwards and at the Gates during races.

Prices of admission (inclusive of Entertainment Tax) for whole Season (12 race days):—

Member	...	Rs. 40/-
Lady Member	...	Rs. 25/-
Non-Member	...	Rs. 40/-
Lady Non-Member	...	Rs. 25/-

The tickets are non-transferable and are subject to Rule and Regulations of this Club.

DAY TICKETS

MEMBERS & 1ST ENCLOSURES		
Gentleman	.....	Rs. 5/-
Lady	.....	Rs. 3/-
2ND ENCLOSURE		
Admission	.....	Rs. 3/-

Day Tickets are obtainable at the Gates only.

(RIGHTS OF ADMISSION RESERVED). (4507)

BOMBAY SALES TAX

NOTICE

DEALERS in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District are informed that with effect from MONDAY, 21ST JULY, 1947, payments of Sales Tax may be made either at the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA or at the local HEAD OFFICE OF THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA Apollo Street, Bombay. Payments into the Imperial Bank of India will be treated as payments into a Government treasury for all purposes under the Bombay Sales Tax Act and Rules

To facilitate the expeditious disposal of work by the Banks dealers are requested to tender the EXACT AMOUNTS payable by them. 4410

UNIVERSITY OF SUGAR SAUGOR

WANTED IMMEDIATELY a Whole-Time Lady Superintendent for the University Women's Hostel on a salary of Rs. 100/- p.m., D.A. 15% with free quarters Applications should reach the Registrar on or before 1st August, 1947. (4507)

PUBLIC NOTICES

AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT
Bombay Castle, 18th July, 1947

ORDER

BOMBAY ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES AND CATTLE (CONTROL) ACT 1946

No. 99-G—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946 (Bom. XXII of 1946), the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that the powers of the Provincial Government to make orders under section 4 of the said Act in relation to matters specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto appended, shall be also exercisable by the officers specified in column 2 thereof within the areas specified against them in column 4 thereof in respect of the essential commodity specified against them in column 3 of the said schedule.

SCHEDULE

Matters	Officers	Essential Commodity	Areas.
1	2	3	4
Matters specified in clauses (b) and (h) of sub-section (2) of section 4, in so far as they relate to the movement, transport, distribution, disposal, use, consumption or the furnishing of any information.	Secretary, Agriculture and Rural Development Department	Groundnut Oil Cake.	The Province of Bombay.
Matters specified in clause (h) of sub-section (2) of section 4, in so far as they relate to furnishing any information.	District Magistrates	—Do—	Areas within their respective jurisdictions.
—Do—	Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay.	—Do—	The City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October, 1945.

By Order of the Governor of Bombay,
D. N. MAHTA,
Secretary to Government,
Agriculture and Rural Development Department.

THE ANDHRA INSURANCE CO., LTD., MASULIPATAM.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of the Policyholders of the Andhra Insurance Co., Ltd., Masulipatam will be held at the Company's Registered Office, "Andhra Insurance Building", Masulipatam on Sunday, the 9th November, 1947, at 3 P.M. to elect three Directors.

Only and all persons holding otherwise than as assignees one or more Policies of Life Insurance issued by the Company for a total sum of not less than Rs. 3,000|- including any bonuses that may have attached to them before the date of election (provided the Policies shall have been in force for not less than 3 years) shall be eligible for election as Directors, provided further that the assignment of the policies to the person who took out the policy shall not disqualify that person from being eligible for election as a Director.

Applications are invited from eligible persons prepared to accept office as elected Directors of the Company. Such applications shall be sent by Registered Post to the Head Office of the Company so as to reach on or before 9th September, 1947, and shall be made in the English language or a principal language of the Madras Presidency. The application shall further give the applicant's name and address and the numbers of and amounts of the sums assured by the policies by virtue of which he claims to be eligible for election.

Every Policyholder who desires to attend the meeting shall apply to the Company for a Certificate of Admission and such application should reach the Company on or before 9th September 1947 and the Company on being satisfied that the applicant holds a policy of Life Assurance issued by the Company not less than 6 months before the date of election will issue a certificate not later than 9th October 1947. Such certificate will, if applied for by post, be sent only to the address of the policyholder or if applied for in person be delivered only on production of the relevant policy. A certificate of admission shall not be transferable. Only Policyholders who produce the certificate of admission granted to them shall be admitted to the meeting.

Policyholders can vote at the meeting either in person or by proxy. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and in Form IV-A to the Schedule to the Insurance Rules under the hand of the appointer in favour of the policyholder. The proxies shall reach the Head Office of the Company on or before 9th October 1947.

(By Order of the Board).
D. SUBRAHMANIAM, M.A., A.I.A.
F.S.S. (London),
Secretary.

Masulipatam,
Dated 20th July, 1947. 4509

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on the 25th July, 1947 for the supply of Chowli, Watana-White, Dry Chillies, Tamarind, Haldi, Dania, Agmark-Ghee and Pure Groundnut oil to the Railway godown at Shed No. 3, Wadi Bunder. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. 4486

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS INVITED from British subjects of Indian domicile or decent and subjects of Indian States for a temporary post of Editor (Perspective), Publications Division, Information and Broadcasting Department. Women eligible. AGE.—Preferably below forty years. (43 years in case of Scheduled Caste candidates). Pay:- Rs. 800-50-1,000; subject to revision in the light of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS:—(a) Good University degree. (b) Experience in journalism. Preference will be given to those who have worked as Editor of an English Magazine of good standing. (c) Full background knowledge of world affairs and ability to comment authoritatively on articles on Indian Philosophy, Economics, History, Science and Arts. At least three years' experience of having lived in one of the English speaking countries and knowledge of European languages desirable. Candidates should submit copies of their published articles. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt for Rs. 7|8|- (Rs. 1|14|- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 16th August, 1947. Candidates applying from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Candidates in the Forces may send a money order or postal order in payment of their application fee, if it is difficult to obtain a Treasury Receipt. CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon by the Commission to do so (4506)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a post of Architectural Assistant, on a fixed salary between Rs. 400/- to Rs. 500/- per month with a Conveyance Allowance of Rs. 75 per month in connection with the preparation of a Master Plan for Greater Bombay Region.

The candidate must be an Associate of the Royal Institute of British Architects or possess a Government Diploma in Architecture (G. D. Arch.) with ability to prepare independently detailed layouts of areas on modern principles of Town Planning. He must also have good administrative experience.

The post for the present is for a period of six months, but is likely to be continued for a further period of twelve months.

Persons in Municipal employ are eligible to apply.

Applications on prescribed forms which can be obtained from the Special Engineer's Office on payment of Annas Eight each should be sent, so as to reach him not later than Friday, the 1st August, 1947.

If necessary, the candidate will have to come for interview at his own expense.

Canvassing direct or indirect will disqualify a candidate.

N. V. MODAK,
Special Engineer.
Municipal Head Office,
Fort, Bombay,
Date 19-7-1947. (4514)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

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